

File 4:1:DIALINDEX(R) DIALINDEX(R) (c) 2001 The Dialog Corporation plc
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 Ref Items File

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 N1 396 654: US PAT.FULL_1990-2001/MAY 29
 N2 349: PCT Fulltext_1983-2001/UB=20010531, UT=20010517
 N3 105 158: DIOGENES(R)_1976-2001/May W4
 N4 100 148: Gale Group Trade & Industry DB_1976-2001/Jun 01
 N5 88 348: EUROPEAN PATENTS_1978-2001/May W02
 N6 86 16: Gale Group PROMT(R)_1990-2001/Jun 01
 N7 61 20: World Reporter_1997-2001/Jun 03
 N8 58 10: Business Wire_1986-1999/Feb 28
 N9 52 155: MEDLINE(R)_1966-2001/Jun W1
 N10 48 73: EMBASE(R)_1974-2001/May W4
 N11 44 613: PR Newswire_1999-2001/Jun 03
 N12 44 653: US Pat.Fulltext_1980-1989
 N13 39 5: Biosis Previews(R)_1969-2001/May W4
 N14 34: SciSearch(R) Cited Ref Sci_1990-2001/Jun W1
 N15 32 440: Current Contents Search(R)_1990-2001/Jun W2
 N16 27 621: Gale Group New Prod Annou.(R)_1985-2001/Jun 01
 N17 24 484: Periodical Abstracts PlusText_1986-2001/May W4
 N18 24 636: Gale Group Newsletter DB(TM)_1987-2001/Jun 01
 N19 23 275: Gale Group Computer DB(TM)_1983-2001/Jun 01
 N20 23 624: McGraw-Hill Publications_1983-2001/May 31
 N21 22 166: Toxline(R)_1965-2000/Dec
 N22 21 47: Gale Group Magazine DB(TM)_1959-2001/Jun 01
 N23 21 47: Life Sciences Collection_1982-2001/Mar
 N24 18 649: Gale Group Newswire AS/PT(TM)_2001/May 30
 N25 16 345: Impadoc/Fam.& Legal Stat_1968-2001/JUD=2001121
 N26 14 144: Pascal_1973-2001/May W4
 N27 12 15: ABI/Inform(R)_1971-2001/Jun 02
 N28 12 50: CAB Abstracts_1972-2001/Apr
 N29 12 647: CMP Computer Fulltext_1988-2001/May W4
 N30 10 9: Business & Industry(R)_Jul_1994-2001/Jun 01
 N31 10 180: Federal Register_1985-2001/May 31
 N32 9 2: INSPEC_1969-2001/Jun W1
 N33 8 8: Ei Compendex(R)_1970-2001/May W4
 N34 8 10: AGRICOLA_70-2001/May
 N35 8 71: ELSEVIER BIOBASE_1994-2001/Jun W1
 N36 7 112: UBM Industry News_1998-2001/Jun 01
 N37 7 149: TGG Health&Wellness DB(SM)_1976-2001/May W4
 N38 7 357: Derwent Biotechnology Abs_1982-2001/Jun B2
 N39 7 652: US Patients Fulltext_1971-1979
 N40 6 44: Aquatic Sci&Fish Abs_1978-2001/Jun
 N41 5 103: Energy Sci/Tec_1974-2001/May B1
 N42 5 610: Business Wire_1999-2001/Jun 03
 N43 4 36: Dissertation Abstracts Online_1891-2001/Jun
 N44 4 80: TGG Aerospace/Def.Mktgs(R)_1986-2001/Jun 01
 N45 4 108: AEROSPACE DATABASE_1962-2001/MAY
 N46 4 442: AMA Journals_1982-2001/May B1
 N47 3 98: General Sci Abs/Full-Text_1984-2001/Apr
 N48 3 660: Federal News Service_1991-2001/May 01
 N49 2 6: NTIS_1964-2001/Jun W3
 N50 2 29: Meteor.& Geoastro.Abs._1970-2001/May
 N51 2 202: Information Science Abs_1966-2001/ISSUE 04
 N52 2 211: Gale Group Newsearch(TM)_2001/Jun 01
 N53 2 229: Drug Info._2000/Q3
 N54 2 385: BioBusiness(R)_1985-1998/Aug W1
 N55 2 388: PEDS: Defense Program Summaries_1999/May
 N56 2 635: Business Dateline(R)_1985-2001/Jun 02

637: Journal of Commerce_1986-2001/May 31
 646: Consumer Reports_1982-2001/May
 N59 2 745: Investext(R) PDF Index_1999-2001/Jun W1
 N60 2 813: PR Newswire_1987-1999/Apr 30
 N61 1 18: Gale Group F&S Index(R)_1988-2001/Jun 01
 N62 1 28: Oceanic Abst._1964-2001/Jun
 N63 1 33: Aluminium Ind Abs_1968-2001/Jun
 N64 1 41: Pollution Abs_1970-2001/Jun
 N65 1 99: Wilson Appl. Sci & Tech Abs_1983-2001/Apr
 N66 1 117: Water Resour.Abs._1987-2001/Apr
 N67 1 151: HealthSTAR_1975-2000/Dec
 N68 1 264: DIALOG Defense Newsletters_1989-2001/Jun 01
 N69 1 342: Derwent Patents Citation Indx_1978-01/2001/25
 N70 1 347: JAPIO_OCT 1976-2001/JAN(UPDATED 010507)
 76 files have one or more items; file list includes 256 files.

SYSTEM:OS - DIALOG OneSearch
 File 155: MEDLINE(R)_1966-2001/Jun W1 c) format only 2000 Dialog Corporation
 File 73: EMBASE_1974-2001/May W4(c) 2001 Elsevier Science B.V.
 File 5: Biosis Previews(R)_1969-2001/May W4 (c) 2001 BIOSIS
 File 156: Toxline(R)_1965-2000/Dec (c) format only 2000 The Dialog Corporation

Set	Items	Description
S1	161	DSP? AND (HYPERSENSITIVE OR HYPER(W)SENSITIVE OR HR)
S2	9396	ERWINIA OR AMYLOVORA
S3	19	S1 AND S2
S4	19	ID (sorted in duplicate order)
S5	142	S1 NOT S3
S6	61	RD (unique items)
S7	661	HRP AND (HR OR (HYPERSENSITIVE OR (HYPER(W)SENSITIVE) (W) - RESPONSE))
S8	103	S7 AND S2
S9	84	S8 NOT S1
S10	84	ID (sorted in duplicate order)
S11	555	S7 NOT (S2 OR S1)
S12	303	RD (unique items)
S13	147	S12 NOT (HORSERADISH OR HORSE(W)RADISH)

4/6/1 (Item 1 from file: 155) 07734838 90356838 PMID: 211765
 Cloning of a large gene cluster involved in *Erwinia amylovora* CF-BP1430 virulence. May 1990

4/6/2 (Item 2 from file: 73) 04298671 EMBASE No.: 199018/12/27
 Cloning of a large gene cluster involved in *Erwinia amylovora* CF-BP1430 virulence. Publication Year: 1990

4/6/3 (Item 3 from file: 5) 07293038 BIOSIS NO.: 000090039184
 CLONING OF A LARGE GENE CLUSTER INVOLVED IN *ERWINIA*- *AMYLOVORA* CF-BP1430 VIRULENCE 1990

4/6/4 (Item 4 from file: 156) 02548267 Subfile: TOXBIB-90-355838
 Cloning of a large gene cluster involved in *Erwinia amylovora* CF-BP1430 virulence. Publication Year: 1990

4/6/5 (Item 5 from file: 155) 08660966 98086111 PMID: 9426142
 DspA, an essential pathogenicity factor of *Erwinia amylovora* showing homology with AvrE of *Pseudomonas syringae*, is secreted via the Hrp secretion pathway in a DspB-dependent way. Dec 1997

4/6/6 (Item 6 from file: 73) 07085614 EMBASE No.: 1997367477
 DspA, an essential pathogenicity factor of *Erwinia amylovora* showing homology with AvrE of *Pseudomonas syringae*, is secreted via the Hrp secretion pathway in a DspB-dependent way. 1997

4/6/7 (Item 7 from file: 5) 11256517 BIOSIS NO.: 199800046949
 DspA, an essential pathogenicity factor of *Erwinia amylovora* showing homology with AvrE of *Pseudomonas syringae*, is secreted via the Hrp secretion pathway in a DspB-dependent way. 1997

4/6/8 (Item 8 from file: 155) 11141668 21171042 PMID: 11277443

Genetic organization of the hrp gene cluster and *dspAEBF* operon in *Erwinia herbicola* pv. *gypsophila*. Mar 2001

4/6/9 (Item 9 from file: 51) 12944570 BIOSIS NO.: 200100151719

Genetic organization of the hrp gene cluster and *dspAEBF* operon in *Erwinia herbicola* pv. *gypsophila*. 2001

4/6/10 (Item 10 from file: 155) 09671140 98115919 PMID: 9448330

Homology and functional similarity of an hrp-linked pathogenicity locus, *dspEF*, of *Erwinia amylovora* and the avirulence locus *avrE* of *Pseudomonas syringae* pathovar *tomato*. Feb 3 1998

4/6/11 (Item 11 from file: 73) 0722548 BIOSIS NO.: 199808040439

Homology and functional similarity of an hrp-linked pathogenicity locus, *dspEF*, of *Erwinia amylovora* and the avirulence locus *avrE* of *Pseudomonas syringae* pathovar *tomato*. 03 FEB 1998

4/6/12 (Item 12 from file: 5) 11253712 BIOSIS NO.: 199800135044

Homology and functional similarity of an hrp-linked pathogenicity locus, *dspEF*, of *Erwinia amylovora* and the avirulence locus *avrE* of *Pseudomonas syringae* pathovar *tomato*. Publication Year: 1998

4/6/13 (Item 13 from file: 156) 03563799 Subfile: 10X818-98-115919

Homology and functional similarity of an hrp-linked pathogenicity locus, *dspEF*, of *Erwinia amylovora* and the avirulence locus *avrE* of *Pseudomonas syringae* pathovar *tomato*. Publication Year: 1998

4/6/14 (Item 14 from file: 155) 08040641 94012466 PMID: 8407779

Penicillin-binding proteins from *Erwinia amylovora*: mutants lacking *PBP2* are avirulent. Oct 1993

4/6/15 (Item 15 from file: 73) 052524334 BIOSIS NO.: 1995292433

Penicillin-binding proteins from *Erwinia amylovora*: Mutants lacking *PBP2* are avirulent. 1993

4/6/16 (Item 16 from file: 5) 08977168 BIOSIS NO.: 199336128669

Penicillin-binding proteins from *Erwinia amylovora*: Mutants lacking *PBP2* are avirulent. 1993

4/6/17 (Item 17 from file: 5) 08407361 BIOSIS NO.: 0000934125015

A RELIABLE STRATEGY FOR THE STUDY OF DISEASE AND HYPERSENSITIVE REACTIONS INDUCED BY *ERWINIA*- *AMYLOVORA*. 1992

4/6/18 (Item 18 from file: 73) 05680445 1994101087

Virulence, growth, and surface characteristics of *Erwinia amylovora* mutants with altered pathogenicity. 1994

4/6/19 (Item 19 from file: 5) 05281136 BIOSIS NO.: 199497289506

Virulence, growth, and surface characteristics of *Erwinia amylovora* mutants with altered pathogenicity. 1994

4/7/1 (Item 1 from file: 155) DIALOG(R)File 155: MEDLINE(R) (c) format only 2000 Dialog Corporation. All rts. reserv.

07734838 90356338 PMID: 2117636

Cloning of a large gene cluster involved in *Erwinia amylovora* CFBP1430 virulence. Laboratoire de Pathologie Végétale, I.N.R.A., Paris, France.

Molecular microbiology (ENGLAND) May 1990, 4 (5) p777-86, ISSN 0950-382X Journal Code: MOM

Languages: ENGLISH Document type: Completed Phage Mu11PR13 insertion mutagenesis of *Erwinia amylovora* CFBP1430 allowed us to isolate 6900 independent CmR mutants. The frequencies of different auxotrophs in this population indicated that Mu11PR13 had inserted randomly in *E. amylovora*. Screening of 3500 CmR mutants on (i) apple calli and (ii) pear and apple seedlings led to the isolation of 19 non-pathogenic prototrophic single mutants, four of which expressed a *LacZ*⁺ hybrid protein. Expression of the fusion proteins was

unable to elicit the hypersensitive response on tobacco (Hrp-) while six still could (Dsp-). The 19 Mu11PR13 insertions all mapped in the same virulence region. The Mu11PR13 insertions of Hrp- mutants were all clustered on the left part of the region, while the Mu11PR13 insertions of Dsp- mutants were located on the right part. All of the mutants except one, which proved to have a large deletion of the entire virulence region, could be complemented functionally by cosmids from an *E. amylovora* phage Mu11PR13 mutation library. No hybridization was observed between the cosmid pPV130, which complemented 12 *Pv. tomato* (N.J. Panopoulos, unpublished data) or *P. solaniacearum* (Boucher et al., 1987). Further analysis of the large virulence region will allow mapping of the border of the virulence region and facilitate the study of the function and regulation of the hrp and dsp genes.

4/7/14 (Item 14 from file: 155) DIALOG(R)File 155: MEDLINE(R) (c) format only 2000 Dialog Corporation. All rts. reserv.

08046041 94012466 PMID: 8407779

Penicillin-binding proteins from *Erwinia amylovora*: mutants lacking *PBP2* are avirulent. Department of Microbiology, University of Leicester, United Kingdom.

Journal of bacteriology (UNITED STATES) Oct 1993, 175 (19) p6082-8, ISSN 0021-9193 Journal Code: HH3 Languages:

Milner JS; Dymock D; Cooper RM; Roberts IS

Radiolabelled penicillin G was used to examine penicillin-binding proteins (PBPs) from *Erwinia amylovora* (O11). This procedure identified seven PBPs with molecular masses ranging from 22 to 83 kDa. *E. amylovora* PBPs were compared with those from *Escherichia coli* (JM101) and from two spherical *E. amylovora* mutants derived from O11. Radiolabelled penicillin G bound to only six proteins from the spherical mutants which lacked a 69-kDa PBP. The spherical mutants could be complemented by the cloned *E. coli* *psspA-rodA* operon, which restored both cell shape and virulence to apple seedlings. This suggested that the *E. amylovora* 69-kDa PBP is probably the functional equivalent of the *E. coli* *PBP2* protein. Southern blot analysis using the *E. coli* *rodA* and *psspA* genes as radiolabelled probes showed that *TphoA* had inserted into the *E. amylovora* *DspA*, an essential pathogenicity factor of *Erwinia amylovora* showing homology with *AvrE* of *Pseudomonas syringae*, is secreted via the Hrp secretion pathway in a *DspA*-dependent way.

4/7/15 (Item 5 from file: 155) DIALOG(R)File 155: MEDLINE(R) (c) format only 2000 Dialog Corporation. All rts. reserv.

09660966 9808611 PMID: 9426142

Erwinia amylovora showing homology with *AvrE* of *Pseudomonas syringae*, is secreted via the Hrp secretion pathway in a *DspA*-dependent way.

Gaudriault S; Malandrin L; Paulin JP; Barny MA

Laboratoire de pathologie végétale INRA, Paris, France.

Molecular microbiology (ENGLAND) Dec 1997, 26 (5) p1057-69, ISSN 0950-382X Journal Code: MOM

Languages: ENGLISH Document type: Completed

In *Erwinia amylovora*, the *dsp* region, required for pathogenicity on the host plant but not for hypersensitive elicitation on tobacco, is separated from the *hrp* region by 4 kb. The genetic analysis reported in this paper showed that this 4 kb region is not required for pathogenicity on pear seedlings. The environmental conditions allowing expression of a *dsp* : *lacZ* fusion were examined: expression was barely detected in rich medium at 30 degrees C, and the highest expression was observed in M9 galactose minimal medium at 25 degrees C. A *dsp* : *uidA* fusion appeared to be expressed only in a *Hrp*-proficient strain, indicating that the *hrp* region, like the *hrp* region, is positively controlled via the alternative *Hrp* L. Sequence analysis revealed that the *dsp* cluster encodes two genes, *dspA* (5517 bp) and *dspB* (420 bp), and that the insertions leading to the *dsp* : *lacZ* and the *dsp* : *uidA* fusions were within *dspA*. A *Hrp*-proficient promoter sequence (GGAGCC-N16-GATAAT) was identified upstream of *dspA*, and primer extension analysis detected four transcriptional starts 7, 8, 9 and 10 bp downstream of this second promoter. The *dsp* promoter sequence (TTGGCC-N16-GATAAT) was observed upstream of *dspB*. The functionality of this promoter was confirmed by complementation analysis. This promoter allowed constitutive expression of *dspB*, as measured by the expression of a *dspB* : *uidA* fusion in rich medium. In M9 galactose medium, however, *Hrp* was shown to activate *dspB*, as expression of the *dspB* : *uidA* fusion was twofold higher in a *Hrp* + background than in a *Hrp*- background. Transposon insertions in either *dspA* or *dspB* led to a non-pathogenic phenotype. Thus, both *dspA* and *dspB* were required for *E. amylovora* pathogenicity, as *dspB* could be expressed independently of *dspA*. *DspA* and *DspB* were visualized as polypeptides with apparent sizes of 190 kDa and 15.5 kDa, respectively, when encoded in the T7 polymerase promoter system. *DspA*, which showed homology with the protein predicted from the partial sequence of *Pseudomonas syringae* pv. *tomato* avrE, transcriptional unit III, was shown to be secreted into the external medium via the *Hrp* secretion pathway. *DspB* was predicted to be acidic, like the *Syc* chaperone of *Yersinia*. A chaperone role for *DspB* was suggested further by the fact that *DspA* secreted required a functional *DspB* protein.

4/7/10 (Item 10 from file: 155) DIALOG(R)File 155: MEDLINE(R) (c) format only 2000 Dialog Corporation. All rts. reserv.

0981140 98115919 PMID: 9448330

Homology and functional similarity of an hrp-linked pathogenicity locus, *dspEF*, of *Erwinia amylovora* and the avirulence locus *avrE* of *Pseudomonas syringae* pathovar *tomato*. Publication Year: 1998

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Homology and functional similarity of an hrp-linked pathogenicity locus, *dspEF*, of *Erwinia amylovora* and the avirulence locus *avrE* of *Pseudomonas syringae* pathovar *tomato*. Publication Year: 1998

4/7/12 (Item 12 from file: 5) 11253712 BIOSIS NO.: 199800135044

Homology and functional similarity of an hrp-linked pathogenicity locus, *dspEF*, of *Erwinia amylovora* and the avirulence locus *avrE* of *Pseudomonas syringae* pathovar *tomato*. Publication Year: 1998

4/7/13 (Item 13 from file: 156) 03563799 Subfile: 10X818-98-115919

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Virulence, growth, and surface characteristics of *Erwinia amylovora* mutants with altered pathogenicity. 1994

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Languages: ENGLISH Document type: Completed

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unable to elicit the hypersensitive response on tobacco (Hrp-) while six still could (Dsp-). The 19 Mu11PR13 insertions all mapped in the same virulence region. The Mu11PR13 insertions of Hrp- mutants were all clustered on the left part of the region, while the Mu11PR13 insertions of Dsp- mutants were located on the right part. All of the mutants except one, which proved to have a large deletion of the entire virulence region, could be complemented functionally by cosmids from an *E. amylovora* phage Mu11PR13 mutation library. No hybridization was observed between the cosmid pPV130, which complemented 12 *Pv. tomato* (N.J. Panopoulos, unpublished data) or *P. solaniacearum* (Boucher et al., 1987). Further analysis of the large virulence region will allow mapping of the border of the virulence region and facilitate the study of the function and regulation of the hrp and dsp genes.

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synthesized amounts of extracellular polysaccharide equivalent to those synthesized by the wild-type strain (OT1), were resistant to lysis in distilled water and to lysozyme, and elicited the hypersensitive response on nonhost plants. These results indicate a possible role for cell shape in the virulence of this plant pathogen.

6/6/1 (Item 1 from file: 155) 11001166 21066152 PMID: 11139505
DSP1⁺, an HMG-like protein, is involved in the regulation of homeotic genes. Jan 2001

6/6/2 (Item 2 from file: 155) 10922520 20482800 PMID: 11026225
Biodistribution of liposomes of terbutaline sulfate in guinea pigs. Oct 2000

6/6/3 (Item 3 from file: 155) 10764587 20294734 PMID: 10836745
In vitro cytotoxic effect of N-(phosphonacetyl)-L-aspartic acid in liposome against C-26 murine colon carcinoma. Apr 2000

6/6/4 (Item 4 from file: 155) 10750401 98224176 PMID: 98224178
Effect of dose and release rate on pulmonary targeting of liposomal trimantabone acetamide phosphate. Mar 1998

6/6/5 (Item 5 from file: 155) 10401155 20046763 PMID: 10580796
Mast cell production of TNF- α induced by substance P: evidence for a modulatory role of substance P-antagonists. Nov 15 1999

6/6/6 (Item 6 from file: 155) 09819494 98333271 PMID: 98333271
Noradrenergic modulation of methamphetamine-induced striatal dopamine depletion. May 30 1998

6/6/7 (Item 7 from file: 155) 09527697 97256704 PMID: 9103545
Influence of drug release characteristics on the therapeutic activity of liposomal mitoxantrone. Apr 1997

6/6/8 (Item 8 from file: 155) 09490621 95111930 PMID: 7812694
Membrane modification by negatively charged stearyl-polyoxyethylene derivatives for thermosensitive liposomes: reduced liposomal aggregation and avoidance of reticulendothelial system uptake. 1994

6/6/9 (Item 9 from file: 155) 09251324 97130531 PMID: 8976294
Rescue of testicular function after acute experimental torsion. Jan 1997

6/6/10 (Item 10 from file: 155) 08844842 96203931 PMID: 8622563
Immunosuppressants and TGF- β 1 accelerated and prolonged the nitric oxide/oxyradicals-dependent suppression by dexamethasone in paw edema of mice. 1996

6/6/11 (Item 11 from file: 155) 08676803 96084198 PMID: 8525126
Properties of leverage material from excised lungs ventilated at different temperatures. Jul 1995

6/6/12 (Item 12 from file: 155) 083235428 95122141 PMID: 7821983
Effects of DSP-4-induced depletion of brain norepinephrine on appetitive and aversive memory retrieval. Oct 1994

6/6/13 (Item 13 from file: 155) 08174684 94272742 PMID: 8004321
Composition of human pulmonary surfactant varies with exercise and level of fitness. Jun 1994

6/6/14 (Item 14 from file: 155) 08097659 9405988 PMID: 8234172
Rates of systemic degradation and retinoblastoma system (RES) uptake of thermosensitive liposome encapsulating cisplatin in rats. Sep 1993

6/6/15 (Item 15 from file: 155) 08094040 93310277 PMID: 8321835
Prolongation of the circulation time of doxorubicin encapsulated in liposomes containing a polyethylene glycol-derivatized phospholipid: pharmacokinetic studies in rodents and dogs. May 1993

6/6/16 (Item 16 from file: 155) 080010481 93139889 PMID: 8033719
Dopaminergic agonists impair latent learning in mice: possible modulation by noradrenergic function. Jan 1993

6/6/17 (Item 17 from file: 155) 07619511 92336356 PMID: 1631940
Evidence that 15-deoxy Δ 1-spergualin inhibits natural antibody production but fails to prevent hyperacute rejection in a discordant xenograft model. Jul 1992

6/6/18 (Item 18 from file: 155) 07552123 92018653 PMID: 1717871
Norepinephrine does not contribute to methamphetamine-induced changes in hippocampal serotonergic system. Jun 1991

6/6/19 (Item 19 from file: 155) 07355767 90370853 PMID: 2168567
Studies on the interaction between ICV effects of CRF and CNS noradrenergic depletion. Jun 1990

6/6/20 (Item 20 from file: 155) 08976560 93134607 PMID: 1336631
Short-time cytotoxicity of mussel extract: a new bioassay for okadaic acid detection. Nov 1992

6/6/21 (Item 21 from file: 155) 08976094 92314433 PMID: 1617200
Transcriptional organization and expression of the large hsp gene cluster of *Pseudomonas solanacearum*. Mar-Apr 1992

6/6/22 (Item 22 from file: 155) 08968658 92210040 PMID: 1555755
An evaluation of the mouse bioassay applied to extracts of 'diagnostic' shellfish toxins. Feb 1992

6/6/23 (Item 23 from file: 155) 08864347 92324509 PMID: 1385683
The effect of the neurotoxin DSP4 on the development of a predisposition in the domestic chick. May 1992

6/6/24 (Item 24 from file: 155) 085585210 89246597 PMID: 2719722
Effects of the catecholaminergic neurotoxin N-(2-chloroethyl)-N-methyl-2-bromoethylamine (DSP-4) on adrenal chromaffin cells in culture. May 1989

6/6/25 (Item 25 from file: 155) 06148717 87293929 PMID: 3843732
Noradrenergic and learning: effects of the noradrenergic neurotoxin DSP4 on imprinting in the domestic chick. Aug 1985

6/6/26 (Item 26 from file: 155) 08046150 86010544 PMID: 4045663
Is stability a key parameter in the accumulation of phospholipid vesicles in tumors? Oct 1985

6/6/27 (Item 27 from file: 155) 05956440 86135888 PMID: 3948812
Integrated substrate utilization by perinatal lung. 1986

6/6/28 (Item 28 from file: 155) 05956215 86146066 PMID: 3841576
Pulmonary surfactant lipid synthesis from ketone bodies, lactate and glucose in newborn rats. Dec 1985

6/6/29 (Item 29 from file: 155) 05751402 87025517 PMID: 3021111
Opioid peptide systems modulate the activity of beta-adrenergic mechanisms during memory consolidation processes. Sep 1986

6/6/30 (Item 30 from file: 155) 05576174 89267665 PMID: 2471289
Attenuation of 2-methoxyethanol-induced testicular toxicity in the rat by simple physiological compounds. Jun 1 1989

6/6/31 (Item 31 from file: 155) 05480520 89304017 PMID: 2543551
Stimulation of Na⁺-K⁺-ATPase activity in certain membranes of the rat central nervous system (CNS) by acute administration of desipramine (DMI). Jun 1989

6/6/32 (Item 32 from file: 155) 05468987 92053692 PMID: 2519426
[Effect of endotracheal instillation of hydronium bic acid on the contents of alveolar surfactant in rats] Efecto de la instilación endotraqueal de ácido cítrico sobre el contenido de surfactante alveolar en la rata. Jul 1989

6/6/33 (Item 33 from file: 155) 05302381 89360493 PMID: 2768812
Acute action of DSP-4 on central norepinephrine axons: biochemical and immunohistochemical evidence for differential effects. Sep 1989

6/6/34 (Item 34 from file: 155) 05184601 88152333 PMID: 3345869
Early experience influences adult retention of aversively motivated tasks in normal, but not DSP4-treated rats. Mar 1988

6/6/35 (Item 35 from file: 155) 05062548 87171317 PMID: 3560967
The pharmacological effects of acute and chronic clenbuterol treatments after lesions of central noradrenergic nerve terminals. Oct-Dec 1986

6/6/36 (Item 36 from file: 155) 04991075 86311649 PMID: 3837857
Ejaculations induced by p-chloramphetamine in the rat. Aug 1985

6/6/37 (Item 37 from file: 155) 04960871 85298631 PMID: 4034624
Suppressive effect of REM sleep deprivation on neophobia in normal rats and in rats with selective DSP-4 induced damage of locus coeruleus neurons. Jul 1985

6/6/38 (Item 38 from file: 155) 04951156 85270743 PMID: 4023026
Behavioral responses of high and low active male rats to the chronic ingestion of desipramine. Jun 1985

6/6/39 (Item 39 from file: 155) 049756421 85046750 PMID: 6498834
Mechanism of action of arenesulfonethylhydrazones of 2-pyridinecarboxaldehyde 1-oxides in L1210 cells. Dec 1984

6/6/40 (Item 40 from file: 155) 04732551 84222078 PMID: 6233616
Relationship between the severity of experimental diabetes and altered lung phospholipid metabolism. Jul 1984

6/6/41 (Item 41 from file: 155) 0413198 84075966 PMID: 6651862
Disposition of intact liposomes of different compositions and of Iposomol degradation products. Nov 15 1983

6/6/42 (Item 42 from file: 155) 04129380 83050621 PMID: 5848703
Tumor-imaging potential of liposomes loaded with In-111-NTA: biodistribution in mice. Jan 1983

6/6/43 (Item 43 from file: 155) 03784618 83155302 PMID: 6831433
Relationship of spontaneous chemical transformation of arylsulfonylhydrazones of 2-pyridinecarboxaldehyde 1-oxide to anticancer activity. May 1983

3 kb lead to leaky mutations affecting both pathogenicity on tomato and ability to induce the hypersensitive response (HR) on tobacco. Therefore, the size of the entire hrp gene cluster is estimated to be about 22 kb. The use of transposon Tn5-B20, which promotes transcriptional gene fusions, allowed us to demonstrate that the hrp gene cluster is organized in a minimum of six transcriptional units, which are transcribed when the culture is grown in minimal medium but are repressed during growth in rich medium or in the presence of peptone or Casamino Acids. The level of expression in minimal medium is modulated by the carbon source provided, pyruvate is the best inducer. Under these conditions the level of expression observed in vitro appears to be representative of the actual expression observed in planta.

66/44 (Item 44 from file: 155) 03701443 83140786 BIOSIS NO.: 6897667
Sources of lung surfactant phospholipids: comparison of palmitate and acetate as precursors. Dec 1982

66/45 (Item 45 from file: 155) 02954813 76097386 PMID: 1060758
The relationship between daily sperm production as determined by quantitative testicular histology and daily sperm output in the stallion. Oct 1975

66/46 (Item 46 from file: 155) 02828972 76010851 PMID: 1161049
On the mechanism of the accumulation of 3H-bretium in peripheral sympathetic nerves. 1975

66/47 (Item 47 from file: 155) 02659238 76210405 PMID: 179827
Alterations in splanchnic cyclic nucleotide levels in splanchnic artery occlusion shock and their modification by dexamethasone. May 1976

66/48 (Item 1 from file: 73) 10755157 EMBASE No. 2000235961
Thermosensitive liposomes and localised hyperthermia - An effective bimodality approach for tumour management 2000

66/49 (Item 2 from file: 73) 06287283 EMBASE No.: 1995316527
Alpha-2 adrenergic modulation of sleep: Time-of-day-dependent pharmacodynamic profiles of dexmedetomidine and clonidine in the rat 1995

66/50 (Item 3 from file: 73) 0320236 EMBASE No.: 1987072913
Monitoring dopamine metabolism in the brain of the freely moving rat 1988

66/51 (Item 4 from file: 73) 03231767 EMBASE No.: 1986074344
Pulmonary surfactant lipid synthesis from ketone bodies, lactate and glucose in newborn rats 1985

66/52 (Item 5 from file: 73) 02851780 EMBASE No.: 1985195739
Noradrenergic and learning: Effects on the noradrenergic neurotoxin DSP4 on imprinting in the domestic chick 1985

66/53 (Item 6 from file: 73) 02839503 EMBASE No.: 1985183462
Behavioral responses of high and low active male rats to the chronic ingestion of desipramine 1985

66/54 (Item 7 from file: 73) 02101186 EMBASE No.: 1982204282
Brain 3,4-dihydroxyphenylethylenglycol levels are dependent on central noradrenergic neuron activity 1982

66/55 (Item 8 from file: 73) 01524598 EMBASE No.: 1979246552
Human fetal lung type II pneumocytes in monolayer cell culture: The influence of oxidant stress, corticole environment, and soluble fibroblast factors 1979

66/56 (Item 9 from file: 73) 00338459 EMBASE No.: 1975110817
Detection of dengue cell surface antigens by peroxidase labeled antibodies and immune cytolysis 1974

66/57 (Item 1 from file: 5) 12577792 BIOSIS NO.: 200000331294
Thermosensitive liposomes and localised hyperthermia: An effective bimodality approach for tumour management. 2000

66/58 (Item 2 from file: 5) 08079357 BIOSIS NO.: 199497087727
Inhibitory effect of parthenium (Parthenium hysterophorus L.) residue on growth of water hyacinth (Eichornia crassipes Mart Solms.) II. Relative effect of flower, leaf, stem, and root residue. 1993

66/59 (Item 3 from file: 5) 08168123 BIOSIS NO.: 000083140571
AN EVALUATION OF THE MOUSE BIOASSAY APPLIED TO EXTRACTS OF DIARRHOEIC SHELLFISH TOXINS 1992

66/60 (Item 4 from file: 5) 05750522 BIOSIS NO.: 000884103429
FUNCTIONAL ABNORMALITIES OF LUNG SURFACTANT IN EXPERIMENTAL ACUTE ALVEOLAR INJURY IN THE DOG 1987

66/61 (Item 5 from file: 5) 05196151 BIOSIS NO.: 00008202036773
STRUCTURE-ACTIVITY RELATIONSHIP IN THE EFFECTS OF DELTA-SLEEP-INDUCING PEPTIDE ON RAT SLEEP 1986

67/71 (Item 21 from file: 155) DIALOG(R)File 155;MEDLINE(R) (c) format only 2000 Dialog Corporation. All rts. reserv.

05970694 92314433 PMID: 1617200
Transcriptional organization and expression of the large hrp gene cluster of *Pseudomonas solanacearum*.

Alali M, Gough CL, Zscheck C, Barberis PA, Trigalek A, Boucher CA
Laboratoire de Biologie Moléculaire des RelationsPlantes-Microorganismes, CNRS-INRA, Castanet Tolosan, France.

Molecular plant-microbe interactions (UNITED STATES) Mar-Apr 1992, 5, (2) p187-93, ISSN 0894-0282 Journal Code: A9P Languages: ENGLISH Document type: Journal Article Record type: Completed

Cloning and localized mutagenesis of the larger cluster of hrp genes of *Pseudomonas solanacearum* strain GM1000 allowed the definition of the borders of this cluster, which now extends about 2 kb to the left of the insert of the previously described plasmid pVir2 (Boucher et al. 1987, J. Bacteriol. 169:5626-5632). The size of the cluster has also been expanded 3 kb to the right to include a region previously described as dsp ; our present data demonstrate that insertions occurring in these

10/6/1 (Item 1 from file: 5) 09911004 BIOSIS NO.: 199598365922
Altered expression of *Erwinia amylovora* HRP genes in tobacco leaves pretreated with bacterial protein-lipopolysaccharides. 1995

10/6/2 (Item 2 from file: 155) 0985653 9838967 PMID: 9721291
Characterization of the hrcC and hrcS operons of *Pseudomonas syringae* tomato, and glycine and analysis of the ability of hrcF, hrcG, hrcC, hrcT, and hrcV mutants to elicit the hypersensitive response and disease in plants. Sep 1998

10/6/3 (Item 3 from file: 73) 07409717 EMBASE No.: 1998297907
Characterization of the hrcC and hrcS operons of *Pseudomonas syringae* tomato, and glycine and analysis of the ability of hrcF, hrcG, hrcC, hrcT, and hrcV mutants to elicit the hypersensitive response and disease in plants 1998

10/6/4 (Item 4 from file: 5) 11665897 BIOSIS NO.: 19980447628
Characterization of the hrcC and hrcS operons of *Pseudomonas syringae* tomato, and glycine and analysis of the ability of hrcF, hrcG, hrcC, hrcT, and hrcV mutants to elicit the hypersensitive response and disease in plants 1998

10/6/5 (Item 5 from file: 5) 09857923 BIOSIS NO.: 199598458039
CLONING AND PRELIMINARY CHARACTERIZATION OF AN HRP GENE CLUSTER FROM *ERWINIA*- AMM.0V/ORA 1999
Cellular recognition in plant-bacteria interactions: Biological and molecular aspects. 1995

10/6/6 (Item 6 from file: 5) 06918173 BIOSIS NO.: 000038058039
10/6/7 (Item 7 from file: 155) 09851625 9837430 PMID: 9707625
A cloned *Erwinia chrysanthemi* Hrp (type III protein secretion) system functions in *Escherichia coli* to deliver *Pseudomonas syringae* Avr signals to plant cells and to secrete Avr proteins in culture. Aug 18 1998

10/6/8 (Item 8 from file: 5) 11623857 BIOSIS NO.: 19980406069
A cloned *Erwinia chrysanthemi* Hrp (type III protein secretion) system functions in *Escherichia coli* to deliver *Pseudomonas syringae* Avr signals to plant cells and to secrete Avr proteins in culture. 1998

10/6/9 (Item 9 from file: 73) 07410627 EMBASE No.: 1998305625
10/6/10 (Item 10 from file: 5) 12514635 BIOSIS NO.: 200000268137
The dual function in virulence and host range restriction of a gene isolated from the pPATHErp plasmid of *Erwinia herbicola* pv. *gypsophila*. Jun 2000

10/6/11 (Item 11 from file: 155) 10829210 20289380 PMID: 10830268
The dual function in virulence and host range restriction of a gene isolated from the pPATH (Erp) plasmid of *Erwinia herbicola* pv. *gypsophila*. Jun 2000

10/6/12 (Item 12 from file: 73) 0507314 EMBASE No.: 1994113778
Detection and identification of phytopathogenic *Xanthomonas* strains by amplification of DNA sequences related to the hrp genes of *Xanthomonas* campbelli pv. *vesicatoria*. Apr 1994

10/6/13 (Item 13 from file: 155) 08184097 94288590 PMID: 80117904
Detection and identification of phytopathogenic *Xanthomonas* strains by amplification of DNA sequences related to the hrp genes of *Xanthomonas* campbelli pv. *vesicatoria*. Apr 1994

10/6/15 (Item 15 from file: 5) 0939461 BIOSIS NO.: 199598394379
Effect of induced protection of the expression of hrp-genes of *Erwinia amylovora* in tobacco leaves. BOOK TITLE: INRA Colloquie, Plant pathogenic bacteria ORIGINAL LANGUAGE BOOK TITLE: Colloques de l'INRA; Plant pathogenic bacteria. 1994

10/6/16 (Item 16 from file: 5) 09939459 BIOSIS NO.: 199598394377
Electrolyte leakage from host and non host plants associated with hrp genes of necrotic bacteria. BOOK TITLE: INRA Colloquie, Plant pathogenic bacteria ORIGINAL LANGUAGE BOOK TITLE: Colloques de l'INRA; Plant pathogenic bacteria. 1994

10/6/17 (Item 17 from file: 155) 08420326 95036538 BIOSIS NO.: 7949326
Erwinia chrysanthemi hrp genes and their involvement in soft rot pathogenesis and elicitation of the hypersensitive response. Sep-Oct 1994

10/6/18 (Item 18 from file: 5) 09542301 BIOSIS NO.: 199479530671
Erwinia chrysanthemi hrp genes and their involvement in soft rot pathogenesis and elicitation of the hypersensitive response. 1994

10/6/19 (Item 19 from file: 155) 02726471 Subfile: TOXIBB-95-038538
Erwinia chrysanthemi hrp genes and their involvement in soft rot pathogenesis and elicitation of the hypersensitive response. Publication Year: 1994

10/6/20 (Item 20 from file: 155) 08716411 96172740 PMID: 8589405
Erwinia chrysanthemi hrp-Ech: an elicitor of the hypersensitive response that contributes to soft-rot pathogenesis. Jul-Aug 1995

10/6/21 (Item 21 from file: 5) 08975066 BIOSIS NO.: 199599429974
Erwinia chrysanthemi hrp-Ech: An elicitor of the hypersensitive response that contributes to soft-rot pathogenesis. 1995

10/6/22 (Item 22 from file: 5) 10320297 BIOSIS NO.: 199698775215
Erwinia amylovora secretes harpin via a type III pathway and contains a homolog of yopN of *Yersinia* spp. Mar 1996

10/6/23 (Item 23 from file: 155) 08869230 96198177 PMID: 8526302
Erwinia amylovora secretes harpin via a type III pathway and contains a homolog of yopN of *Yersinia* spp. Mar 1996

10/6/24 (Item 24 from file: 73) 06426629 EMBASE No.: 1996087017
Erwinia amylovora secretes harpin via a type III pathway and contains a homolog of yopN of *Yersinia* spp. 1996

10/6/25 (Item 25 from file: 5) 10320297 BIOSIS NO.: 199698775215
Erwinia amylovora secretes harpin via a type III pathway and contains a homolog of yopN of *Yersinia* spp. 1996

10/6/26 (Item 26 from file: 156) 03449605 Subfile: TOXIBB-96-196177
Erwinia amylovora secretes harpin via a type III pathway and contains a homolog of yopN of *Yersinia* spp. Publication Year: 1996

10/6/27 (Item 27 from file: 155) 06939713 92193274 PMID: 1372313
Expression of *Erwinia amylovora* hrp genes in response to environmental stimuli. Mar 1992

10/6/28 (Item 28 from file: 73) 04988370 EMBASE No.: 1992125586
Expression of *Erwinia amylovora* hrp genes in response to environmental stimuli 1992

10/6/29 (Item 29 from file: 5) 08140407 BIOSIS NO.: 000093127555
EXPRESSION OF ERWINIA: AMYLOVORA HRP GENES IN RESPONSE TO ENVIRONMENTAL STIMULI 1992

10/6/30 (Item 30 from file: 156) 025169781 Subfile: TOXIBB-92-193274
Expression of *Erwinia amylovora* hrp genes in response to environmental stimuli. Publication Year: 1992

10/6/31 (Item 31 from file: 5) 07354089 BIOSIS NO.: 000040019748
FUNCTIONAL HOMOLOGY BETWEEN A LOCUS OF ESCHERICHIA-COLI AND THE HRP GENE CLUSTER OF ERWINIA: AMYLOVORA 1990

10/6/32 (Item 32 from file: 5) 07869824 BIOSIS NO.: 000092129190
FURTHER CHARACTERIZATION OF AN HRP GENE CLUSTER OF ERWINIA: AMYLOVORA 1991

10/6/33 (Item 33 from file: 5) 0735454 BIOSIS NO.: 000090116356
GENE FOR PATHOGENICITY AND ABILITY TO CAUSE THE HYPERSENSITIVE REACTION CLONED FROM ERWINIA: AMYLOVORA 1990

10/6/34 (Item 34 from file: 155) 089892926 97048707 PMID: 8893538
hrp gene-dependent induction of har1: a plant gene activated rapidly by both harpins and the avrPto gene-mediated signal. Oct 1996

10/6/35 (Item 35 from file: 5) 10626030 BIOSIS NO.: 199699247175
Hrp Gene-dependent induction of har1: A plant gene activated rapidly by both harpins and the avrPto gene-mediated signal. 1996

10/6/36 (Item 36 from file: 156) 03466567 Subfile: TOXIBB-97-048707
hrp gene-dependent induction of har1: a plant gene activated rapidly by both harpins and the avrPto gene-mediated signal. Publication Year: 1996

10/6/37 (Item 37 from file: 5) 07006176 BIOSIS NO.: 000038101092
HRP GENES ARE KEY GENES CONTROLLING PLANT PATHOGENICITY AMONG BACTERIA 1989

10/6/38 (Item 38 from file: 155) 083721 95349395 PMID: 7623665
The hrp gene locus of *Pseudomonas solanacearum*, which controls the production of a type III secretion system, encodes eight proteins related to components of the bacterial flagellar biogenesis complex. Mar 1995

10/6/39 (Item 39 from file: 73) 06088947 EMBASE No.: 1995119436
HrpW of *Erwinia amylovora* . a new harpin that contains a domain homologous to peptidase lyases of a distinct class. Publication Year: 1998

The hrp gene locus of *Pseudomonas solanacearum*, which controls the production of a type III secretion system, encodes eight proteins related to components of the bacterial flagellar biogenesis complex. 1995

10/6/40 (Item 40 from file: 5) 08925628 BIOSIS NO.: 199598280446
The hrp gene locus of *Pseudomonas solanacearum*, which controls the production of a type III secretion system, encodes eight proteins related to components of the bacterial flagellar biogenesis complex. 1995

10/6/41 (Item 41 from file: 155) 06976034 93113006 PMID: 14727116
hrp genes of *Pseudomonas solanacearum* are homologous to pathogenicity determinants of animal pathogenic bacteria and are conserved among plant pathogenic bacteria. Sep-Oct 1992

10/6/42 (Item 42 from file: 155) 09457922 97197534 PMID: 9045630
The hrpA and hrpC operons of *Erwinia amylovora* encode components of a type III pathway that secretes harpin. Mar 1997

10/6/43 (Item 43 from file: 73) 06789758 EMBASE No.: 1997071260
The hrpA and hrpC operons of *Erwinia amylovora* encode components of a type III pathway that secretes harpin 1997

10/6/44 (Item 44 from file: 5) 10823966 BIOSIS NO.: 199799455101
The hrpA and hrpC operons of *Erwinia amylovora* encode components of a type III pathway that secretes harpin. 1997

10/6/45 (Item 45 from file: 156) 03582123 Subfile: TOXIBB-97-197534
The hrpA and hrpC operons of *Erwinia amylovora* encode components of a type III pathway that secretes harpin. Publication Year: 1997

10/6/46 (Item 46 from file: 155) 08800997 96042097 PMID: 7592386
hpr activates *Erwinia amylovora* hrp gene transcription and is a member of the ECF subfamily of sigma factors. Nov 1995

10/6/47 (Item 47 from file: 73) 06295937 EMBASE No.: 1995333723
hpr activates *Erwinia amylovora* hrp gene transcription and is a member of the ECF subfamily of sigma factors 1995

10/6/48 (Item 48 from file: 5) 10107318 BIOSIS NO.: 19969862236
Hpr activates *Erwinia amylovora* hrp gene transcription and is a member of the ECF subfamily of sigma factors. 1995

10/6/49 (Item 49 from file: 156) 027790233 Subfile: TOXIBB-96-04297
hpr activates *Erwinia amylovora* hrp gene transcription and is a member of the ECF subfamily of sigma factors. Publication Year: 1995

10/6/50 (Item 50 from file: 155) 06970825 92320301 PMID: 1621099
Harpin, elicitor of the hypersensitive response produced by the plant pathogen *Erwinia amylovora*. Jul 3 1992

10/6/51 (Item 51 from file: 73) 05098183 EMBASE No.: 1992238399
Harpin, elicitor of the hypersensitive response produced by the plant pathogen *Erwinia amylovora* 1992

10/6/52 (Item 52 from file: 5) 08315753 BIOSIS NO.: 000094078076
HARPIN ELICITOR OF THE HYPERSENSITIVE RESPONSE PRODUCED BY THE PLANT PATHOGEN ERWINIA- AMYLOVORA 1992

10/6/53 (Item 53 from file: 156) 02561563 Subfile: TOXIBB-92-320301
Harpin, elicitor of the hypersensitive response produced by the plant pathogen *Erwinia amylovora*. Publication Year: 1992

10/6/54 (Item 54 from file: 155) 07149481 94075235 PMID: 8253584
Hpr of *Erwinia amylovora* functions in secretion of harpin and is a member of a new protein family. Dec 1993

10/6/55 (Item 55 from file: 73) 06569967 EMBASE No.: 1994010453
Hpr of *Erwinia amylovora* functions in secretion of harpin and is a member of a new protein family 1993

10/6/56 (Item 56 from file: 5) 09065312 BIOSIS NO.: 199497073862
Hpr of *Erwinia amylovora* functions in secretion of harpin and is a member of a new protein family. 1993

10/6/57 (Item 57 from file: 156) 02672277 Subfile: TOXIBB-94-075235
Hpr of *Erwinia amylovora* functions in secretion of harpin and is a member of a new protein family. Publication Year: 1993

10/6/58 (Item 58 from file: 155) 08989270 98422475 PMID: 9748455
HrpW of *Erwinia amylovora* , a new harpin that contains a domain homologous to peptidase lyases of a distinct class. Oct 1998

10/6/59 (Item 59 from file: 73) 0714738739 EMBASE No.: 1998347126
HrpW of *Erwinia amylovora*, a new harpin that contains a domain homologous to peptidase lyases of a distinct class 1998

10/6/60 (Item 60 from file: 5) 11719539 BIOSIS NO.: 199800501270
HrpW of *Erwinia amylovora*, a new harpin that contains a domain homologous to peptidase lyases of a distinct class. 1998

10/6/61 (Item 61 from file: 156) 03579491 Subfile: TOXIBB-98-422475
HrpW of *Erwinia amylovora* , a new harpin that contains a domain homologous to peptidase lyases of a distinct class. Publication Year: 1998

The type III (Hrp) secretion pathway of plant pathogenic bacteria. Trafficking harpins, avr proteins, and death. 1997

HrpW of *Erwinia amylovora*, a new Hrp-secreted protein. May 29 1998

HrpW of *Erwinia amylovora*, a new Hrp-secreted protein. May 29 1998

HrpW of *Erwinia amylovora*, a new Hrp-secreted protein. 1998

HrpW of *Erwinia amylovora*, a new Hrp-secreted protein. Subfile: TOXBIB-98-316710

HrpW of *Erwinia amylovora*, a new Hrp-secreted protein. Publication Year: 1998

EMBASE No.: 1998232918

BIOSIS NO.: 199800313700

BIOSIS NO.: 11532368

BIOSIS NO.: 199800313700

The type III (Hrp) secretion pathway of plant pathogenic bacteria. Trafficking harpins, avr proteins, and death. 1997

Why do pathogens carry avirulence genes? 1998

Altered expression of *Erwinia amylovora* Hrp genes in tobacco leaves pretreated with bacterial protein-saccharides. 1998

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JOURNAL: Journal of Phytopathology (Berlin) 143 (4):p198-205 1995

ISSN: 0340-9286

RECORD TYPE: Abstract LANGUAGE: English SUMMARY: The effect of protein-lipopolysaccharide complexes (prlPS) (250 µg/ml) of *Pseudomonas syringae* pv. *aptata* into tobacco leaves protected against subsequent elicitation of the hypersensitive response (HRS) by *Erwinia amylovora</*

Department of Plant Pathology, Cornell University, Ithaca, NY 14853-4203 USA.
Molecular plant-microbe interactions (UNITED STATES) Jul-Aug 1995, 8 (4) p48-91, ISSN 0894-0282 Journal Code: A9P
Languages: ENGLISH Document type: Journal Article Record type: Completed
Mutants of the soft-rot pathogen *Erwinia chrysanthemi* EC16 that are deficient in the production of the peptidase lyase isozymes PeABCE can elicit the hypersensitive response (HR) in tobacco leaves. The *hrpNEch* gene was identified in a collection of cosmids carrying *E. chrysanthemi* *hrp* genes by its hybridization with the *Erwinia amylovora* *hrpNEA* gene. *hrpNEch* appears to be in a monocistronic operon, and it encodes a predicted protein of 340 amino acids that is glycine-rich, lacking in cysteine, and highly similar to *hrpNEA* in its C-terminal half. Escherichia coli DH5 alpha cells expressing *hrpNEch* from the lac promoter of pBluescript II elicited HrpNEch in inclusion bodies. The protein was readily purified from cell lysates carrying these inclusion bodies by solubilization in 4.5 M guanidine-HCl and reactivation upon dialysis against dilute buffer. HrpNEch suspensions elicited a typical HR in tobacco leaves, and elicitor activity was heat-stable. *Tn5-gusA1* mutations were introduced into the cloned *hrpNEch* and then marker-exchanged into the genomes of *E. chrysanthemi* strains AC1450 (wild type), CUCPB5006 (delta *pelABC*), and CUCPB5030 (delta *pelABC* outD::TnphoA). *hrpNEch*::*Tn5-gusA1* mutations were introduced into the ability of the bacterium to elicit the HR in tobacco leaves unless complemented with an *hrpNEch* subclone. An *hrpNEch*::*Tn5-gusA1* mutation also reduced the ability of AC1450 to incite infections in wild-type chicony leaves, but it did not reduce the size of lesions that did develop. Purified HrpNEch and *E. chrysanthemi* strains CUCPB5006 and CUCPB5030 elicited HR-like necrosis in leaves of tomato, pepper, African violet, petunia, and pelargonium, whereas *hrpNEch* mutants did not (ABSTRACT TRUNCATED AT 250 WORDS)

10/7/23 (Item 23 from file: 155) DIALOG(R)File 155: MEDLINE(R) (c) format only 2000 Dialog Corporation. All rts. reserv. 08989230 96198177 PMID: 8626302

Erwinia amylovora secretes harpin via a type III pathway and contains a homolog of *yopN* of *Yersinia* spp.

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Journal of bacteriology (UNITED STATES) Mar 1996, 178 (6) p1720-30, ISSN 0021-9193 Journal Code: HH3 Languages: ENGLISH Document type: Journal Article Record type: Completed

Type III secretion functions in flagellar biosynthesis and in export of virulence factors from several animal pathogens, and for plant pathogens, it has been shown to be involved in the export of elicitors of the hypersensitive reaction. Typified by the *Yop* delivery system of *Yersinia* spp., type III secretion is sec-independent and requires multiple components. Sequence analysis of an 11.5-kb region of the *hrp* gene cluster of *Erwinia amylovora* containing *hrpI*, a previously characterized type III gene, revealed a group of eight or more type III genes corresponding to the *virB* or *lcbC* (*yscN* to *yscL*) locus of *Yersinia* spp. A homolog of another *Yop* secretion gene, *yscD*, was found between *hrpI* and his group downstream. Immediately upstream of *hrpI*, a homolog of *yopN* was discovered. *YopN* is a putative sensor involved in host-cell-contact-triggered expression and transfer of protein, e.g., *YopE*, to the host cytoplasm. In-frame deletion mutagenesis of one of the type III genes, designated *hrcT*, was nonpolar and resulted in a *Hrp*-strain that produced but did not secrete harpin, an elicitor of the hypersensitive reaction that is also required for pathogenesis. Cladistic analysis of the *Hrp* (herein renamed *HrcV*) or *LcrD* protein family revealed two distinct groups for plant pathogens. The *Yersinia* protein grouped more closely with the plant pathogen homologs than with homologs from other animal pathogens. Flagellar biosynthesis proteins grouped distinctly. A possible evolutionary history of type III secretion is presented, and the potential significance of the similarity between the harpin and *Yop* export systems is discussed, particularly with respect to a potential role for the *YopN* homolog in pathogenesis of plants.

10/7/27 (Item 27 from file: 155) DIALOG(R)File 155: MEDLINE(R) (c) format only 2000 Dialog Corporation. All rts. reserv. 063989713 92193274 PMID: 13172313

Expression of *Erwinia amylovora* *hrp* genes in response to environmental stimuli.

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Journal of bacteriology (UNITED STATES) Mar 1992, 174 (6) p1875-82, ISSN 0021-9193 Journal Code: HH3 Languages: ENGLISH Document type: Journal Article Record type: Completed

Seven *hrp* loci that are essential for the hypersensitive reaction elicited by *Erwinia amylovora* were transcriptionally fused with a derivative of transposon *Tn5*, containing the promoterless *Escherichia coli* *beta*-glucuronidase reporter gene. The seven *hrp* fusions were used to monitor expression of the *hrp* loci *in vitro* and *in planta*. No significant expression was detected in rich medium for any of the fusions. However, five of them were expressed highly *in planta* and *in inducing medium* that contains mannitol, salts, and 5 mM (NH4)2SO4. Expression of these five *hrp* loci is regulated by ammonium, nicotinic acid, complexing agents, certain carbon sources, temperature, and pH. Under well-defined conditions, i.e., *in inducing medium*, no specific plant components were required for transcriptional activation of the *hrp* loci. The high levels of expression detected *in vitro* were comparable to those determined during the development of the hypersensitive reaction in tobacco. Differential levels of expression of the *hrp* loci occurred in host and nonhost plants. In *pear*, a host plant, expression of the *hrp* loci was delayed and greatly reduced compared with expression in tobacco leaves, a nonhost.

FUNCTIONAL HOMOLOGY BETWEEN A LOCUS OF *ESCHERICHIA-COLI* AND THE *HRP* GENE CLUSTER OF *ERWINIA-AMYLOVORA*

AUTHOR: WEI ZM; BEER SV

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JOURNAL: 1990 ANNUAL MEETING OF THE AMERICAN PHYTOPATHOLOGICAL SOCIETY AND THE CANADIAN PHYTOPATHOLOGICAL SOCIETY, GRAND RAPIDS, MICHIGAN, USA, AUGUST 4-8, 1990. PHYTOPATHOLOGY 80 (10). 1990. 1039. 1990 CODEN: PHYTA DOCUMENT TYPE: Meeting RECORD TYPE: Citation LANGUAGE: ENGLISH

10/7/32 (Item 32 from file: 5) DIALOG(R)File 5 Biosis Previews(R) (c) 2001 BIOSIS. All rts. reserv.

07859824 BIOSIS NO: 000092129190

FURTHER CHARACTERIZATION OF AN *HRP* GENE CLUSTER OF *ERWINIA-AMYLOVORA*

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JOURNAL: MOL PLANT-MICROBE INTERACT 4 (5) 1991 493-499 1991 FULL JOURNAL NAME: Molecular Plant-Microbe Interactions CODEN: MPMI RECORD TYPE: Abstract LANGUAGE: ENGLISH

ABSTRACT: Two independent *Tn5*-induced mutants of *Erwinia amylovora*, *Ea321T102* and *Ea322T101*, were identified that failed to elicit a hypersensitive response (HR) in a nonhost plant, tobacco. The two also were nonpathogenic on immature pear fruit. Two naturally occurring nonpathogenic strains, *P66* and *CPBP13/6*, also were found incapable of eliciting an HR. Three previously reported *Tn5*-induced nonpathogenic mutants (Steinberger and Beer, Mol. Plant-Microbe Interact. 1:135-144, 1988) were found to elicit a variable HR (*Ea321T101* and *Ea322T104*) or a normal HR (*Ea322T104*). Two recombinant plasmids and a previously described cosmid containing wild-type *E. amylovora* DNA restored pathogenicity and the ability to elicit the HR to the seven strains. Restriction mapping and hybridization showed that the cosmid and plasmids overlap; thus, the mutated gene are clustered. Functional analysis of subclones from the two plasmids was used to determine the approximate region of DNA complementing each mutation. These results were combined with some results reported previously and the results of additional tests for complementation. The analysis revealed a cluster of at least six complementation regions involved in pathogenicity of host plants and elicitation of the HR in a nonhost plant.

10/7/37 (Item 37 from file: 5) DIALOG(R)File 5 Biosis Previews(R) (c) 2001 BIOSIS. All rts. reserv.

07006176 BIOSIS NO: 000038101092

HR GENES ARE KEY GENES CONTROLLING PLANT PATHOGENICITY AMONG BACTERIA

AUTHOR: ARLAT M; BOUCHER C

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JOURNAL: COLLOQUIUM ON NEW HORIZONS FOR CROP PROTECTION: CONTRIBUTIONS OF MOLECULAR BIOLOGY AND GENETIC ENGINEERING, PARIS, FRANCE, MAY 24-25, 1989. C R ACADEMIA FRANCORUM 75 (6). 1989. 73-78. 1989 CODEN: CRAFE RECORD TYPE: Citation LANGUAGE: FRENCH

10/7/38 (Item 38 from file: 155) DIALOG(R)File 155: MEDLINE(R) (c) format only 2000 Dialog Corporation. All rts. reserv.

08738721 95349395 PMID: 752365

The *hrp* gene locus of *Pseudomonas solanacearum*, which controls the production of a type III secretion system, encodes eight proteins related to components of the bacterial flagellar biogenesis complex.

Van Gijsegem F, Gough C, Zischek C, Nicaise E, Arlat M, Germin S, Barbeis P, Castelnol Tolosan, France.

Moleculair microbiologie (ENGLAND) Mar 1995, 15 (6) p105-114. ISSN 0950-382X Journal Code: M0M

Languages: ENGLISH Document type: Journal Article Record type: Completed

Five transcription units of the *Pseudomonas solanacearum* *hrp* gene cluster are required for the secretion of the HR-inducing protein. The nucleotide sequences of two of these units, 1 and 3, have been reported. Here, we present the nucleotide sequence of the three other transcription units, units 2, 4 and 7, which are together predicted to code for 15 *hrp* genes. This brings the total number of *hrp* proteins encoded by these five transcription units to 20, including *HrpB*, the positive regulatory protein, and *HpaP*, which is apparently not required for plant interactions. Among the 18 other proteins, eight belong to protein families regrouping proteins involved in type III secretion pathways in animal and plant bacterial pathogens and in flagellum biogenesis, while two are related solely to proteins involved in secretion systems. For the various proteins found to be related to *P. solanacearum* *hrp* proteins, those in plant-pathogenic bacteria include proteins encoded by *hrp* genes. For *Hrp*-related proteins of animal pathogens, those encoded by the *spa* and *mxr* genes of *Shigella flexen* and of *Salmonella typhimurium* and by the *ycs* genes of *Yersinia* are involved in type III secretion pathways. Proteins involved in flagellum biogenesis, which are related to *Hrp* proteins of *P. solanacearum*, include proteins encoded by *flh* and *flm* genes of *S. typhimurium*, *Badillus subtilis* and *Escherichia coli* and by *mpv* genes of *Erwinia carotovora*. *P. solanacearum* *hrp* proteins were also found to be related to proteins of *Rhizobium fredii* involved in nodulation specificity.

10/7/42 (Item 42 from file: 155) DIALOG(R)File 155: MEDLINE(R) (c) format only 2000 Dialog Corporation. All rts. reserv.

09457922 97197534 PMID: 9045830

07394089 BIOSIS NO: 00004019748

The *hpaA* and *hpcC* operons of *Erwinia amylovora* encode components of a type III pathway that secretes harpin.

Kim JF, Wei ZN, Beer SV
Department of Plant Pathology, Cornell University, Ithaca, New York 14853, USA.
Journal of bacteriology (UNITED STATES) Mar 1997, 179 (5) p1690-7 ISSN 0021-9193 Journal Code: JH3
Languages: ENGLISH Document type: Journal Article Record type: Completed
A 6.2-kb region of DNA corresponding to complementation groups II and III of the *Erwinia amylovora* *hpa* gene cluster was analyzed. Transposon mutagenesis indicated that the two complementation groups are required for secretion of harpin, an elicitor of the hypersensitive reaction. The sequence of the region revealed 10 open reading frames in two putative transcription units: *hpaA*, *hpcB*, *hrcJ*, *hpcD*, and *hpcE* in the *hpaA* operon (group III) and *hpaI*, *hpcG*, *hrcC*, *hptI*, and *hpcV* in the *hpcC* operon (group II). From promoter regions of the *hpaA*, *hpcC*, and *hpaN* operons, sequences similar to those of the *HrpI*-dependent promoters of *Pseudomonas syringae* pathovars were identified with a consensus sequence of 5'-GGAAC-NT17-18-CACTTAA-3'. The protein products of seven genes, *hpaA*, *hrcJ*, *hpcI*, *hpcF*, *hpcG*, *hrcC*, and *hpaV*, were visualized with a T7 polymerase/promoter expression system. *HrcC*, *HrcJ*, and *HptI* sequences contained potential signal peptides, and *HrcC* appeared to be envelope associated based on a TphoA translational fusion. Comparison of deduced amino acid sequences indicated that many of the proteins are homologous to proteins that function in the type III protein secretion pathway. *HrcJ* is a member of the YscC-containing subgroup in the *PuhD/IV* superfamily of outer membrane proteins. *HrcJ* is a member of a lipoprotein family that includes *YscJ* of *Yersinia* spp., *MxiJ* of *Shigella flexneri*, and *NolT* of *Rhizobium* *legi*. Additional similarities were detected between *HrpB* and *YscJ* and between *HrpE* and *YscL*. *HrcJ* and *HrpE* were similar to flagellar biogenesis proteins *FlfF* and *FlfH*, respectively. In addition, *HpaA*, *HpcB*, *HrcJ*, *HrpD*, *HpcF*, and *HrcC* showed various degrees of similarity to corresponding proteins of *P. syringae*. Comparison of *hpa* clusters with respect to gene organization and similarity of individual proteins confirms that the *hpa* systems of *E. amylovora* and *P. syringae* are closely related to each other and distinct from those of *Ralstonia* (*Pseudomonas*) *solanacearum* and *Xanthomonas campesiris*. Possible implications of extensive similarities between the *E. amylovora* and *P. syringae* *hpa* systems in pathogenesis mechanisms are discussed.

10/7/54 (Item 54 from file: 155) DIALOG(R)File 155: MEDLINE(R) (c) format only 2000 Dialog Corporation. All rts. reserv. 071149481 94075325 PMID: 8253684

HpaI of *Erwinia amylovora* functions in secretion of harpin and is a member of a new protein family.
Journal of bacteriology (UNITED STATES) Dec 1993, 175 (24) p7958-67, ISSN 0021-9193 Journal Code: JH3
Languages: ENGLISH Document type: Journal Article Record type: Completed

Wei ZM, Beer SV
Department of Plant Pathology, Cornell University, Ithaca, New York 14853.
Journal of bacteriology (UNITED STATES) Dec 1993, 175 (24) p7958-67, ISSN 0021-9193 Journal Code: JH3
Languages: ENGLISH Document type: Journal Article Record type: Completed
HpaI, a 78-kDa protein, functions in the secretion of harpin, a proteinaceous elicitor of the hypersensitive response from *Erwinia amylovora*. The predicted amino acid sequence of *HpaI* is remarkably similar to that of *LcrD* of *Yersinia* species, the first member of a recently described protein family. Other proteins of the family are *MxaA* from *Shigella flexneri*, *InvA* from *Salmonella typhimurium*, *FliA* from *Caulobacter crescentus*, *HpaI* from *Pseudomonas syringae*, *HpaO* from *Pseudomonas solanacearum*, and *HpcC2* from *Xanthomonas campesiris* *pv. vesicatoria*. Cells of *E. amylovora* containing mutated *hpaI* genes or cells of *Escherichia coli* containing the cloned *hpaI* gene cluster with mutated *hpaI* produce but do not export harpin. When similar cells with functional *hpaI* genes were grown at 25 degrees C, but not at 37 degrees C, harpin was exported to the culture supernatant. Direct evidence that *HpaI* is involved in the secretion of a virulence protein has been offered. Two other loci of the *hpaI* gene cluster are involved in the regulation of harpin, and four other loci also are involved in the secretion of harpin. Since harpin and other proteins likely to be secreted by the *LcrD* family of proteins lack typical signal peptides, their secretion mechanism is distinct from the general protein export pathway.

10/7/66 (Item 66 from file: 155) DIALOG(R)File 155: MEDLINE(R) (c) format only 2000 Dialog Corporation. All rts. reserv. 09331070 97294922 PMID: 9150595

Molecular characterization and expression of the *Erwinia carotovora* *hpaNEcc* gene, which encodes an elicitor of the hypersensitive reaction.
Mukherjee A, Cui Y, Liu Y, Chatterjee AK
Department of Plant Pathology, University of Missouri Columbia 65211, USA.

Molecular plant-microbe interactions (UNITED STATES) May 1997, 10 (4) p462-71, ISSN 0894-0282 Journal Code: AP
Languages: ENGLISH Document type: Journal Article Record type: Completed
The nucleotide sequence of *hpaNEcc* DNA, cloned from *Erwinia carotovora* subsp. *carotovora* strain *Ecc7*, reveals a coding region of 1,068 bp which matches the size of *hpaNEcc* transcripts. *hpaNEcc* is predicted to encode a glycine-rich protein of approximately 36 kDa. Like the elicitors of the hypersensitive reaction (*HR*) produced by *E. chrysanthemi* (*HarpinEch*) and *E. amylovora* (*HarpinEa*), the deduced 36-kDa protein does not possess a typical signal sequence, but it contains a putative membrane-spanning domain. In *Escherichia coli* strains overexpressing *hpaNEcc*, the 36-kDa protein has been identified as the *hpaNEcc* product by Western blot analysis using anti-HarpinEch antibodies. The 36-kDa protein fractionated from *E. coli* elicits the *HR* in tobacco leaves. Moreover, a *HpN*- and *RsmA*-double mutant (*RsmA* = regulator of secondary metabolites) does not produce this 36-kDa protein or elicit the *HR*, although this strain, like the *RsmA*+ and *HpN*+ bacteria, overproduces extracellular enzymes and macerates celery petioles. These observations demonstrate that *hpaNEcc* encodes the elicitor of the *HR*, designated HarpinEcc. The levels of *hpaNEcc* transcripts are affected in both *RsmA*+ and *RsmA*- strains by media composition and carbon sources, although the mRNA levels are substantially higher in the *RsmA*- strains. The expression of *hpaNEcc* in

Ecc7 is cell density dependent and is activated by the quorum-sensing signal, N-(3-oxohexanoyl)-L-homoserine lactone (OHL). By contrast, *hpaNEcc* expression in an *RsmA*- strain is independent of cell density, and substantial expression occurs in the absence of OHL. The effects of cultural conditions and the occurrence of putative cis-acting sequences, such as consensus sigma 54 promoters and an *hp* promoter upstream of the transcriptional start site, indicate that the production of HarpinEcc in wild-type *RsmA*+ *E. carotovora* subsp. *carotovora* is tightly regulated. These observations, taken along with the finding that the *HR* is caused by *RsmA*- mutants but not by *RsmA*+ strains (Cui et al., 1996, Mol. Plant-Microbe Interact. 9:565-573), strongly support the idea that the inability of the wild-type pectolytic *E. carotovora* subsp. *carotovora* to elicit the *HR* is due to the lack of a significant level of HarpinEcc production.

10/7/69 (Item 69 from file: 155) DIALOG(R)File 155: MEDLINE(R) (c) format only 2000 Dialog Corporation. All rts. reserv. 08052782 94100578 PMID: 8274770
Nucleotide sequence and properties of the *hmrA* locus associated with the *Pseudomonas syringae* *pv. syringae* 61 *hmr* gene cluster.
Heu S, Hutcheson SW
Department of Botany, University of Maryland, College Park 20742.
Molecular plant-microbe interactions (UNITED STATES) Sep-Oct 1993, 6 (5) p553-64, ISSN 0894-0282 Journal Code: AP
Languages: ENGLISH Document type: Journal Article Record type: Completed
The *hmrA* locus, isolated from *Pseudomonas syringae* *pv. syringae* 61, is essential for phenotypic expression of the *P* *s*, *Pv* *syringeae* 61 *hmr* cluster in *Escherichia coli* strains and enables bacteria carrying the *hmr* gene cluster to elicit the hypersensitive response (*HR*) associated with plant disease resistance. The phenotype of *P* *s*, *Pv* *syringeae* 61 *hmrA* mutants (*pathogenicity*+, delayed *HR*) was distinct from that of *hmr* mutants. The locus was localized to a 3.6-kb *Bam*H1-*Eco*R1 fragment whose nucleotide sequence was determined. A single open reading frame was identified that encodes for a 41,457-Da protein of unknown biochemical function. Production of the deduced protein product was confirmed by using T7 RNA polymerase-directed expression of the locus and N-terminal sequence analysis of the isolated *HmrA*. The deduced protein product did not exhibit homology with any of the characterized *avr* genes or the *hpN* product of *Erwinia amylovora*. Transcription was shown to initiate 37 nucleotides upstream of the translational start from an apparent *sigma* 70 promoter. Two *hmr* genes were shown to act as positive transcriptional factors for *hmrA* expression. Expression of *hmrA* in *P. syringae* *pv. glycinea* race 4 did not exhibit the phenotypic properties of an *avr* gene or *HpN*, but suggested that this locus may serve a regulatory function. A homolog to *hmrA* was present in strains of only three of the 23 *P. syringae* pathovars tested.

10/7/71 (Item 71 from file: 155) DIALOG(R)File 155: MEDLINE(R) (c) format only 2000 Dialog Corporation. All rts. reserv. 09544455 97348567 PMID: 9204571
The presence of *hmr* genes on the pathogenicity-associated plasmid of the tumorigenic bacterium *Erwinia herbicola* *pv. gypsophilae*.
Nizan R, Barash I, Valinsky I, Lichter A, Manulis S
Department of Plant Sciences, Tel-Aviv University, Israel.
Molecular plant-microbe interactions (UNITED STATES) Jul 1997, 10 (5) p677-82, ISSN 0894-0282 Journal Code: AP
Languages: ENGLISH Document type: Journal Article Record type: Completed
The pathogenicity-associated plasmid (*pPATH*) of *Erwinia herbicola* *pv. gypsophilae* (*Ehg*), which is present only in pathogenic strains, contains a gene cluster encoding indole-3-acetic acid and cytokinin biosynthesis. The transposon-reporter *Tn3**Spice* was used to generate nonpathogenic mutants on two overlapping cosmid, *pLA150* and *pLA352*, of the *pPATH*. A cluster of such mutations, which spanned 16 kb, mapped approximately 15 kb from the gene cluster involved in phytohormone biosynthesis. Non-pathogenic mutants also failed to elicit the hypersensitive reaction (*HR*) on tobacco. Pathogenicity and *HR* were restored concomitantly to these mutants by in trans complementation with wild-type *Ehg* DNA. A 3.8-kb *Hind*III DNA fragment that complemented the *hpN* mutants was sequenced and six complete and two partial open reading frames (ORFs) were identified. Comparison of the deduced amino acid sequences of the eight ORFs showed striking homology and co-linearity with *hp* genes of *E. amylovora* as well as with other plant and mammalian pathogenic bacterial genes encoding homologous and proteins of the type III secretion system. Limited DNA sequencing at various sites on the remaining 11-kb region of *pLA352* also showed high identity to *Hp* proteins of *E. amylovora*, *E. stewartii*, and *Pseudomonas syringae*. These results suggest that *hmr* genes are mandatory for gall formation by *E. herbicola* *pv. gypsophilae*.

10/7/83 (Item 83 from file: 5) DIALOG(R)File 5: Biosis Previews(R) (c) 2001 BIOSIS. All rts. reserv. 11126887 BIOSIS NO.: 199799747832
The type III (*Hp*) secretion pathway of plant pathogenic bacteria: Trafficking harpins, avr proteins, and death.
AUTHOR: Alfano James R, Collier Alan(a)
AUTHOR ADDRESS: (a)Dep. Plant Pathol., Cornell Univ., Ithaca, NY 14853-4203 **USA
JOURNAL: Journal of Bacteriology 179 (18):p5655-5662 1997 ISSN: 0021-9193 RECORD TYPE: Citation LANGUAGE: English
13/6/1 (Item 1 from file: 155) 11263899 21230246 PMID: 11323277
Genetic mapping and functional analysis of the tomato 3S4 locus governing recognition of the *Xanthomonas campestris* *pv. vesicatoria* *AvrBs4* protein. May 2001

13/6/2 (Item 2 from file: 155) 11196824 21071241 PMID: 11204787

Immungold labeling of Hrp pI of *Pseudomonas syringae* pv. Tomato assembled in minimal medium and in planta. Feb 2001

136/23 (Item 3 from file: 155) 11196638 21065167 PMID: 11134504
HrpZ(PspI) from the plant pathogen *Pseudomonas syringae* pv. *Phaseolcola* binds to lipid bilayers and forms an ion-conducting pore in vitro. Jan 2001

136/4 (Item 4 from file: 155) 11000089 21034636 PMID: 11194877
Cloning and characterization of a bean UDP-glycosyltransferase cDNA expressed during plant-bacterial interactions. Jan 2001

136/5 (Item 5 from file: 155) 10947191 20566798 PMID: 11115117
HrpB2 and HrpF from *Xanthomonas* are type III-secreted proteins and essential for pathogenicity and recognition by the host plant. Nov 2000

136/6 (Item 6 from file: 155) 10902521 20427388 PMID: 10975648
Resistance of tomato and pepper to T3 strains of *Xanthomonas campestris* pv. *vesicatoria* is specified by a plant-inducible avirulence gene. Sep 2000

136/7 (Item 7 from file: 155) 10900184 20471859 PMID: 11018143
Assembly and function of type III secretory systems. 2000

136/8 (Item 8 from file: 155) 10755732 98453137 PMID: 9781876
hpa mutants of *Xanthomonas campestris* pv. *vesicatoria* are affected in pathogenicity but retain the ability to induce host-specific hypersensitive reaction. Sep 1998

136/9 (Item 9 from file: 155) 10710701 20381287 PMID: 10922033
Pseudomonas syringae Hrp type III secretion system and effector proteins. Aug 1 2000

136/10 (Item 10 from file: 155) 10686490 20253307 PMID: 10792715
Two novel proteins, PopB, which has functional nuclear localization signals, and PopC, which has a large leucine-rich repeat domain, are secreted through the Hrp-secretion apparatus of *Ralstonia solanacearum*. Apr 2000

136/11 (Item 11 from file: 155) 10640956 20312816 PMID: 10852844
The alternative sigma factor RpoN is required for hrp activity in *Pseudomonas syringae* pv. *maculicola* and acts at the level of hrpL transcription. Jun 2000

136/12 (Item 12 from file: 155) 10640955 20312815 PMID: 10852843
Virulence of the phytopathogen *Pseudomonas syringae* pv. *maculicola* is rpoN dependent. Jun 2000

136/13 (Item 13 from file: 155) 10571135 20172330 PMID: 10707351
The hrpB and hrpG regulatory genes of *Ralstonia solanacearum* are required for different stages of the tomato root infection process. Mar 2000

136/14 (Item 14 from file: 155) 10542727 20179797 PMID: 10714988
Identification of two novel hrp-associated genes in the hrp gene cluster of *Xanthomonas oryzae*. Apr 2000

136/15 (Item 15 from file: 155) 10423104 20058158 PMID: 10890653
[The metabolic-chromotropic relation in patients with heart failure—a correlation with functional capacity] Relação metabólica-chromotrópica entre com insuficiência cardíaca-com ação com a capacidade funcional. Oct 1999

136/16 (Item 16 from file: 155) 10281676 99415952 PMID: 10485919
Identification of a pathogenicity island, which contains genes for virulence and avirulence, on a large native plasmid in the bean pathogen *Pseudomonas syringae* pv. *maculicola*. Sep 14 1999

136/17 (Item 17 from file: 155) 10276302 99407919 PMID: 10478481
An hrpU-homologous gene mutant of *Xanthomonas campestris* pv. *glycinicola* that lost pathogenicity on the host plant but was able to elicit the hypersensitive response on nonhost. Jul 1999

136/18 (Item 18 from file: 155) 10282826 99361202 PMID: 10432637
A bean cDNA expressed during a hypersensitive reaction encodes a putative calcium-binding protein. Aug 1999

136/19 (Item 19 from file: 155) 10063694 99168220 PMID: 10063066
Plants expressing the Pto disease resistance gene confer resistance to recombinant PvX containing the avirulence gene AvrPto. Jan 1999

136/20 (Item 20 from file: 155) 09922196 98367133 PMID: 9701611
Sequence variations in alleles of the avirulence gene *avrPphE*. R2 from *Pseudomonas syringae* pv. *phaseolcola* lead to loss of recognition of the AvrPphE protein within bean cells and a gain in cultivar-specific virulence. Jul 1998

136/21 (Item 21 from file: 155) 09650971 98108967 PMID: 9447661
Hrp-controlled interkingdom protein transport: Banning from flagellar assembly? Dec 1997

136/22 (Item 22 from file: 155) 09544561 97348579 PMID: 92045633
Evidence that the *Pseudomonas syringae* pv. *syringae* hrp-linked *hrmA* gene encodes an Avr-like protein that acts in an hrp-dependent manner within tobacco cells. Jul 1997

136/23 (Item 23 from file: 155) 09460300 97234636 PMID: 9079910
Multiple loci of *Pseudomonas syringae* pv. *syringae* are involved in pathogenicity on bean: restoration of one lesion-deficient mutant requires two tRNA genes. Apr 1997

136/24 (Item 24 from file: 155) 09344824 97334104 PMID: 9198081
Altered localization of HrpZ in *Pseudomonas syringae* pv. *syringae* hrp mutants suggests that different components of the type III secretion pathway control protein translocation across the inner and outer membranes of gram-negative bacteria. Jun 1997

136/25 (Item 25 from file: 155) 09331072 97294924 PMID: 9150597
hrp of *Xanthomonas campestris* pv. *vesicatoria* encodes an 87-kDa protein with homology to *NoiX* of *Rhizobium fredii*. May 1997

136/26 (Item 26 from file: 155) 08285410 97250560 PMID: 9056416
Hrp pilus: an hrp-dependent bacterial surface appendage produced by *Pseudomonas syringae* pv. tomato DC3000. Apr 1 1997

136/27 (Item 27 from file: 155) 08287541 97210201 PMID: 9057331
Expression of *avrPphB*, an avirulence gene from *Pseudomonas syringae* pv. *phaseolcola*, and the delivery of signals causing the hypersensitive reaction in bean. Mar 1997

136/28 (Item 28 from file: 155) 08109829 97134676 PMID: 8890236
Recognition of the bacterial avirulence protein AvB8-3 occurs inside the host plant cell. Dec 27 1996

136/29 (Item 29 from file: 155) 08049616 96417851 PMID: 8820642
Analysis of the role of the *Pseudomonas syringae* hrp7 harpin in elicitation of the hypersensitive response in tobacco using functionally non-polar hrpZ deletion mutants, truncated HrpZ fragments, and *hrmA* mutations. Feb 1996

136/30 (Item 30 from file: 155) 08639722 96305752 PMID: 8768370
Expression of the *Pseudomonas syringae* avirulence protein AvB8 in plant cells alleviates its dependence on the hypersensitive response and pathogenicity (Hrp) secretion system in eliciting genotype-specific hypersensitive cell death. Jul 1996

136/31 (Item 31 from file: 155) 08852159 96212995 PMID: 8634747
Phenotypic expression of *Pseudomonas syringae* avr genes in *E. coli* is linked to the activities of the hrp-encoded secretion system. May 1996

136/32 (Item 32 from file: 155) 08828146 96165260 PMID: 8576039
Expression and localization of HrpA1, a protein of *Xanthomonas* as *campestris* pv. *vesicatoria* essential for pathogenicity and induction of the hypersensitive reaction. Feb 1996

136/33 (Item 33 from file: 155) 08800042 96025090 PMID: 7579617
The complete hrp gene cluster of *Pseudomonas syringae* pv. *syringae* 61 includes two blocks of genes required for harpinPss secretion that are arranged co-linearly with *Yersinia* *ycf* homologs. Sep-Oct 1995

136/34 (Item 34 from file: 155) 08795628 95289705 PMID: 7771167
Cloning of genes required for hypersensitivity and pathogenicity in *Pseudomonas syringae* pv. *aptata*. 1995

136/35 (Item 35 from file: 155) 08638703 96025089 PMID: 7579616
The HrpZ proteins of *Pseudomonas syringae* pvs. *syringae*, *glycinicola*, and *tomato* are encoded by an operon containing *Yersinia* *ycf* homologs and elicit the hypersensitive response in tomato but not soybean. Sep-Oct 1995

136/36 (Item 36 from file: 155) 08638714 95383714 PMID: 7655664
The *avrPph1* gene of *Pseudomonas syringae* pv. *maculicola* is required for virulence on *Arabidopsis*. May-Jun 1995

136/37 (Item 37 from file: 155) 08527548 95290716 PMID: 7772503
Characterization of *avrE* from *Pseudomonas syringae* pv. *tomato*: a hrp-linked avirulence locus consisting of at least two transcriptional units. Jan-Feb 1995

136/38 (Item 38 from file: 155) 08416875 94535679 PMID: 8075421
Characterization of the hrp and hmp1 operons of *Pseudomonas syringae* pv. *syringae* Pss61: similarity with components of enteric bacteria involved in flagellar biogenesis and demonstration of their role in HarpinPss secretion. Jul-Aug 1994

136/39 (Item 39 from file: 155) 08353217 95178735 PMID: 7873177
Characterization of *avrPphE*, a gene for cultivar-specific avirulence from *Pseudomonas syringae* pv. *phaseolcola* which is physically linked to *tpY*, a new hrp gene identified in the harp8-bright bacterium. Nov-Dec 1994

136/40 (Item 40 from file: 155) 08180133 94282080 PMID: 8012404
hrp203J, a tobacco gene whose activation is rapid, highly localized and specific for incompatible plant-pathogen interactions. Apr 1994

136/41 (Item 41 from file: 155) 08144057 94246085 PMID: 8188982
Central cardiovascular effects of AVP and ANP in normotensive and spontaneously hypertensive rats. Apr 1994

136/42 (Item 42 from file: 155) 08114155 94148760 PMID: 8106313

Identification of a putative alternate sigma factor and characterization of a multicomponent regulatory cascade controlling the expression of *Pseudomonas syringae* pv. *syringae* Pss61 hrp and *hrpA* genes. Feb 1994

136/43 (Item 43 from file: 155) 08/113957 94/148011 PMID: 8313899 *PepA1*, a protein which induces a hypersensitivity-like response on specific *Petunia* genotypes, is secreted via the Hrp pathway of *Pseudomonas solanacearum* Feb 1994

136/44 (Item 44 from file: 155) 08/093790 93/302711 PMID: 83162111 *Homolog* between the HrpO protein of *Pseudomonas solanacearum* and bacterial proteins implicated in a signal peptide-independent secretion mechanism. Jun 1993

136/45 (Item 45 from file: 155) 08/042439 93/359711 PMID: 8334877 *Secretion of chondroitin sulfate from embryonic epidermal cells in *Xenopus laevis**. Sep 1993

136/46 (Item 46 from file: 155) 08/012891 94/113738 PMID: 7904440 *DNA sequence variation and phylogenetic relationships among strains of *Pseudomonas syringae* pv. *syringae* inferred from restriction site maps and restriction fragment length polymorphism*. Dec 1993

136/47 (Item 47 from file: 155) 08/000908 93/107655 PMID: 8093255 *Phenobarbital-induced hepatocellular proliferation: anti-bromodeoxyuridine and anti-proliferating cell nuclear antigen immunocytochemistry*. Jan 1993

136/48 (Item 48 from file: 155) 07/809248 93/015750 PMID: 1400238 *The *Pseudomonas syringae* pv. *syringae* envelope protein required for elicitation of the hypersensitive response in plants*. Nov 1992

136/49 (Item 49 from file: 155) 07/801452 92/276327 PMID: 1592805 *Plant and environmental sensory signals control the expression of hrp genes in *Pseudomonas syringae* pv. *phaseolicola**. Jun 1992

136/50 (Item 50 from file: 155) 07/774615 92/041611 PMID: 1938914 *Expression of the avirulence gene avrBs3 from *Xanthomonas campestris* pv. *campestris* is not under the control of hrp genes and is independent of plant factors*. Nov 1991

136/51 (Item 51 from file: 155) 07/030327 92/193257 PMID: 1312527 *Phenotypic expression of the *Pseudomonas syringae* pv. *syringae* 61 hrp gene cluster in *Escherichia coli* MC4100 requires a functional *hrp* gene*. Mar 1992

136/52 (Item 52 from file: 155) 07/674262 93/113007 PMID: 1472717 *Determinants of pathogenicity in *Xanthomonas campestris* pv. *vesicatoria* are related to proteins involved in secretion in bacterial pathogens of animals*. Sep-Oct 1992

136/53 (Item 53 from file: 155) 07/564047 92/193256 PMID: 1548225 *Organization and environmental regulation of the *Pseudomonas syringae* pv. *syringae* 61 hrp cluster*. Mar 1992

136/54 (Item 54 from file: 155) 07/182937 93/091288 PMID: 1457844 *Continuous measurement of blood volume during hemodialysis by an optical method*. Jul-Sep 1992

136/55 (Item 55 from file: 155) 07/144217 93/385144 PMID: 8376331 *The *opsX* locus of *Xanthomonas campestris* affects host range and biosynthesis of fipopolysaccharide and extracellular polysaccharide*. Sep 1993

136/56 (Item 56 from file: 155) 07/053932 93/139577 PMID: 8324621 **Pseudomonas syringae* pv. *syringae* harpinPss: a protein that is secreted via the Hrp pathway and elicits the hypersensitive response in plants*. Jul 2 1993

136/57 (Item 57 from file: 155) 06/987966 92/208318 PMID: 1666525 **Xanthomonas campestris* contains a cluster of hrp genes related to the larger hrp cluster of *Pseudomonas solanacearum**. Nov-Dec 1991

136/58 (Item 58 from file: 155) 06/991253 91/100345 PMID: 1846144 *Genetic and transcriptional organization of the hrp cluster of *Pseudomonas syringae* pv. *phaseolicola**. Jan 1991

136/59 (Item 59 from file: 155) 06/986926 90/369573 PMID: 2168373 *A plant-inducible gene of *Xanthomonas campestris* pv. *campestris* encodes an exocellular component required for growth in the host and hypersensitivity on nonhosts*. Sep 1990

136/60 (Item 60 from file: 155) 06/976314 93/125128 PMID: 1478894 *Evidence that the hrp gene encodes a positive regulator of pathogenicity genes from *Pseudomonas solanacearum**. Oct 1992

136/61 (Item 61 from file: 155) 06/967593 92/121119 PMID: 1370864 *Expression of the *Xanthomonas campestris* pv. *vesicatoria* hrp gene cluster, which determines pathogenicity and hypersensitivity on pepper and tomato*, is plant inducible. Feb 1992

136/62 (Item 62 from file: 155) 06/588604 89/257624 PMID: 2723749 *Time course of structural changes at identified sensory neuron synapses during long-term sensitization in *Aplysia**. May 1989

136/63 (Item 63 from file: 155) 05/963368 88/058776 PMID: 2824440 **Pseudomonas solanacearum* ge genes controlling both pathogenicity on tomato and hypersensitivity on tobacco are clustered*. Dec 1987

136/64 (Item 64 from file: 155) 05/894145 87/11743 PMID: 310730 *In vitro neuronal differentiation of *Drosophila* embryo cells*. Jan 1987

136/65 (Item 65 from file: 155) 05/744449 86/198374 PMID: 309731 *Purification of a human red blood cell protein supporting the survival of cultured CNS neurons, and its identification as catalase*. Apr 1986

136/66 (Item 66 from file: 155) 05/665184 89/129685 PMID: 3146785 *Gas exchange and metabolic transients in heart transplant recipients*. Dec 1988

136/67 (Item 67 from file: 155) 05/474544 89/199058 PMID: 2530441 *Auditory brain stem of the ferret: some effects of rearing with a unilateral ear plug on the cochlea, cochlear nucleus, and projections to the inferior colliculus*. Apr 1989

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136/69 (Item 69 from file: 155) 05/301829 89/359144 PMID: 2768197 *The predicted protein product of a pathogenicity locus from *Pseudomonas syringae* pv. *phaseolicola* is homologous to a highly conserved domain of several prokaryotic regulatory proteins*. Sep 1989

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136/72 (Item 72 from file: 155) 03/867510 84/21776 PMID: 6466992 *Electrophysiological and morphological measurements in cat gastrocnemius and soleus alpha-motoneurons*. Jul 30 1984

136/73 (Item 73 from file: 155) 06/35269 82/118404 PMID: 7327509 *[Response of omental milk spots to colloidal secoarachidic ferric oxide in the mouse: light and electron microscopic study (author's transl)]* Mar 1981

136/74 (Item 1 from file: 73) 11/147117 EMBASE No: 2001163066 *Identification and expression of the *Pseudomonas syringae* pv. *aphila* hrpZSUBPsa gene which encodes an harpin effector*. 2001

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136/77 (Item 4 from file: 73) 07/122203 EMBASE No: 1998013025 *Hrp-controlled interleukin-6 protein transport: Learning from *Leguminosae* assembly?* 1997

136/78 (Item 5 from file: 73) 06/389242 EMBASE No: 1998053061 *Expression and localization of HrpA1, a protein of *Xanthomonas campestris* pv. *vesicatoria* essential for pathogenicity and induction of the hypersensitive reaction*. 1996

136/79 (Item 6 from file: 73) 04/377368 EMBASE No: 1990265452 *Postembryonic Hrp tracing in perfusion fixed developing CNS of the rat*. 1989

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136/83 (Item 10 from file: 73) 00/923523 EMBASE No: 1978051766

Genetics of phytopathogenic bacteria. BOOK TITLE: Progress in Botany 2001

136/05 (Item 2 from file: 5) 129114286 BIOSIS NO.: 20010121435

The difference between corticospinal neurons in the second and fifth somatosensory areas of the cortex. 2000

136/06 (Item 3 from file: 5) 12883678 BIOSIS NO.: 20010090827

Kinetics of cell proliferation in a vertebrate retina. *Xenopus laevis*. 2000

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The effect of nitrogen on disease development and gene expression in bacterial and fungal plant pathogens. 2000

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Aggressiveness of French isolates of *Ralstonia solanacearum* and their potential use in biocontrol. 1998

136/09 (Item 6 from file: 5) 12672208 BIOSIS NO.: 200000425710

Pathogenicity of *Ralstonia solanacearum* depends on hrp genes which govern the secretion of proteins mediating host/bacteria interactions. 1998

136/09 (Item 7 from file: 5) 12553594 BIOSIS NO.: 200000307056

Functional analysis of the conserved effector locus in the Hrp pathogenicity island of *Pseudomonas syringae* pv. *tomato* DCC3000. 2000

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136/09 (Item 9 from file: 5) 12235887 BIOSIS NO.: 199900530736

Chromosomal gene transfer by conjugation in the plant pathogen *Xanthomonas axonopodis* pv. *vesicatoria*. 1999

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Effect of heat and cycloheximide treatment of tobacco on the ability of *Pseudomonas syringae* pv. *syringae* 61 hrpHmM mutants to cause HR. 1999

136/09 (Item 11 from file: 5) 12114929 BIOSIS NO.: 199900409778

Isolation of hrp cluster from *Xanthomonas campestris* pv. *citri* and its application for RFLP analyses of *xanthomonads*. 1999

136/09 (Item 12 from file: 5) 12101977 BIOSIS NO.: 199900396826

Isolation and characterization of *Pseudomonas syringae* subsp. *Savastanoi* mutants defective in hypersensitive response elicitation and pathogenicity. 1999

136/09 (Item 13 from file: 5) 12101613 BIOSIS NO.: 199900396462

HarpinPSS-induced peroxidase and lignin accumulation in tobacco during the hypersensitive response. 1999

136/09 (Item 14 from file: 5) 11852064 BIOSIS NO.: 199900098173

Inhibition of harpin-Pss-mediated hypersensitive response in tobacco and *petunia* by AP1, an amphiphatic protein isolated from tomato leaves. 1998

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Localized changes in peroxidase activity accompany hydrogen peroxide generation during the development of a nonhost hypersensitive reaction in lettuce. 1998

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The role of hrp genes during plant-bacterial interactions. BOOK TITLE: Annual Review of Phytopathology 1997

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136/102 (Item 19 from file: 5) 10881132 BIOSIS NO.: 19979502577

Multiple loci of *Pseudomonas syringae* pv. *syringae* are involved in pathogenicity of bean: Restoration of one lesion-deficient mutant requires two rRNA genes. 1997

136/103 (Item 20 from file: 5) 10754882 BIOSIS NO.: 199795176127

Cellular communication and signal transduction in higher plants. 1996

136/104 (Item 21 from file: 5) 10704093 BIOSIS NO.: 199799326238

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Bacterial pathogens in plants: Life up against the wall. 1996

136/106 (Item 23 from file: 5) 10643771 BIOSIS NO.: 199698234916

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Effect of heat treatment of plant on the interaction between tobacco leaves and hrp mutants of *Pseudomonas syringae* pv. *syringae*. 1996

136/108 (Item 25 from file: 5) 10588728 BIOSIS NO.: 199698209873

Bacterial avirulence genes. BOOK TITLE: Annual Review of Phytopathology 1996

136/109 (Item 26 from file: 5) 10375593 BIOSIS NO.: 19969830511

Induction of systemic acquired resistance in cucumber by *Pseudomonas syringae* pv. *syringae* 61 HrpZ-Pss protein. 1996

136/110 (Item 27 from file: 5) 10326929 BIOSIS NO.: 199698781847

The active oxygen response of cell suspensions to incompatible bacteria is not sufficient to cause hypersensitive cell death. 1996

136/111 (Item 28 from file: 5) 10292820 BIOSIS NO.: 199698747738

Development of corticospinal tract fibers and their plasticity I: Quantitative analysis of the developing corticospinal tract in mice. 1996

136/112 (Item 29 from file: 5) 1003534 BIOSIS NO.: 199598438452

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136/113 (Item 30 from file: 5) 1003534 BIOSIS NO.: 199598438452

Detection of *Xanthomonas campestris* pv. *vesicatoria* associated with pepper and tomato seed by DNA amplification. 1995

136/114 (Item 31 from file: 5) 09939485 BIOSIS NO.: 199598340403

Possible functions for *Pseudomonas solanacearum* hrp genes and conservation among gram negative phytopathogenic bacteria. BOOK TITLE: INRA Colloquia: Plant pathogenic bacteria ORIGIN, LANGUAGE BOOK TITLE: Colloques de l'INRA, Plant pathogenic bacteria. 1994

136/115 (Item 32 from file: 5) 09927706 BIOSIS NO.: 199598382624

Hrp mutant of *Pseudomonas syringae* pv. *phascolitica* induces cell wall alterations but not membrane damage leading to the hypersensitive reaction in lettuce. 1995

136/116 (Item 33 from file: 5) 09877992 BIOSIS NO.: 199598324846

Microscopy of the interaction of hrp mutants of *Pseudomonas syringae* pv. *phascolitica* with a nonhost plant. 1995

136/117 (Item 34 from file: 5) 09666514 BIOSIS NO.: 1995983121432

Organization of the hrp gene cluster and nucleotide sequence of the hrp gene from *Pseudomonas syringae* pv. *phascolitica*. 1994

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Function of oxidative cross-linking of cell wall structural proteins in plant disease resistance. 1994

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Genes governing the secretion of factors involved in host-bacteria interactions are conserved among animal and plant pathogenic bacteria. BOOK TITLE: Developments in Plant Pathology; Molecular mechanisms of bacterial virulence 1994

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Phosphoinositide breakdown during the potassium ion/hydrogen ion positive exchange response of tobacco to *Pseudomonas syringae* pv. *vesicatoria*. 1993

136/121 (Item 38 from file: 5) 08812068 BIOSIS NO.: 199395101419

Generalized induction of defense responses in bean is not correlated with the induction of the hypersensitive reaction. 1993

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Involvement of *Pseudomonas solanacearum* hrp genes on the secretion of a bacterial compound which induces a hypersensitive-like response on tobacco. BOOK TITLE: Current Plant Science and Biotechnology in Agriculture: Advances in molecular genetics of plant-microbe interactions. Vol 2 1993

136/123 (Item 40 from file: 5) 08434291 BIOSIS NO.: 000043119120

MOLECULAR GENETICS OF PATHOGENICITY DETERMINANTS OF *PSEUDOMONAS-SOLANACEARUM* WITH SPECIAL EMPHASIS ON HRP GENES 1992

136/124 (Item 41 from file: 5) 08310525 BIOSIS NO.: 000094072848

DNA PROBING OF SOME PLANT AND ANIMAL VIRUS INFECTIONS 1992

INCOMPATIBLE INTERACTIONS BETWEEN CRUCIFERS AND XANTHOMONAS-CAMPPESTRIS INVOLVE A VASCULAR HYPERSENSITIVE RESPONSE ROLE OF THE HRPX LOCUS 1992

136/126 (Item 43 from file: 5) 08093805 BIOSIS NO.: 000093103978
A XANTHOMONAS PATHOGENICITY LOCUS IS INDUCED BY SUCROSE AND SULFUR-CONTAINING AMINO ACIDS 1992

136/127 (Item 44 from file: 5) 08066251 BIOSIS NO.: 000093087699
EXPRESSION OF THE XANTHOMONAS-CAMPESTRIS PATHOVAR VESICATORIA HRP GENE CLUSTER WHICH DETERMINES PATHOGENICITY AND HYPERSENSITIVITY ON PEPPER AND TOMATO IS PLANT INDUCIBLE 1992

136/128 (Item 45 from file: 5) 07983705 BIOSIS NO.: 000042035103
MOLECULAR ANALYSIS OF PLANT DEFENSE RESPONSES TO PLANT PATHOGENS 1991

136/129 (Item 46 from file: 5) 07977756 BIOSIS NO.: 000093045334
XANTHOMONAS-CAMPESTRIS PV. TRANSLUCENS GENES DETERMINING HOST-SPECIFIC VIRULENCE AND GENERAL VIRULENCE ON CEREALS IDENTIFIED BY TNS-GUSA INSERTION MUTAGENESIS 1991

136/130 (Item 47 from file: 5) 07945458 BIOSIS NO.: 000042019821
TRANSCRIPTIONAL ORGANIZATION AND EXPRESSION OF THE PSEUDOMONAS-SYRINGAE PV. SYRINGAE 61 HRP GENE CLUSTER 1991

136/131 (Item 48 from file: 5) 07944178 BIOSIS NO.: 000042019451
ACTIVE OXYGEN INDUCTION IN TOBACCO CELL SUSPENSIONS TREATED WITH PSEUDOMONAS-FLUORESCENS CONTAINING THE COSMID PHR11 AND WITH STRAINS CONTAINING TNPHA MUTATIONS IN THE HRP CLUSTER 1991

136/132 (Item 49 from file: 5) 07869821 BIOSIS NO.: 0000932129187
CHARACTERIZATION OF THE HRP CLUSTER FROM PSEUDOMONAS-SYRINGAE PATHOVAR SYRINGAE 61 AND TNPHOA TAGGING OF GENES ENCODING EXPORTED OR MEMBRANE-SPANNING HRP PROTEINS 1991

136/133 (Item 50 from file: 5) 07777330 BIOSIS NO.: 000093080701
A PATHOGENICITY LOCUS FROM XANTHOMONAS-CITRI ENABLES STRAINS FROM SEVERAL PATHOVARIS OF XANTHOMONAS-CAMPESTRIS TO ELICIT CANKER-LIKE LESIONS ON CITRUS 1991

136/134 (Item 51 from file: 5) 07616670 BIOSIS NO.: 000091134554
CLONING OF GENES AFFECTING POLYGALACTURONASE PRODUCTION IN PSEUDOMONAS-SOLANACEARUM 1991

136/135 (Item 52 from file: 5) 07603841 BIOSIS NO.: 000091077710
ISOLATION OF A GENE CLUSTER FROM XANTHOMONAS-CAMPESTRIS PATHOVAR VESICATORIA THAT DETERMINES PATHOGENICITY AND THE HYPERSENSITIVE RESPONSE ON PEPPER AND TOMATO 1991

136/136 (Item 53 from file: 5) 07498444 BIOSIS NO.: 000091072313
GENETIC AND TRANSCRIPTIONAL ORGANIZATION OF THE HRP CLUSTER OF PSEUDOMONAS-SYRINGAE PATHOVAR PHASEOLICOLA 1991

136/137 (Item 54 from file: 5) 07393697 BIOSIS NO.: 000040019236
TNPHOA TAGGING OF PSEUDOMONAS-SYRINGAE HRP GENES ENCODING POTENTIALLY EXPORTED PROTEINS 1990

136/138 (Item 55 from file: 5) 07393522 BIOSIS NO.: 000040019181
AN AVIRULENCE FUNCTION FROM PSEUDOMONAS-SYRINGAE PATHOVAR TOMATO IS LOCATED WITHIN A HRP CLUSTER 1990

136/139 (Item 56 from file: 5) 0733681 BIOSIS NO.: 000093110583
A PLANT-INDUCIBLE GENE OF XANTHOMONAS-CAMPESTRIS PATHOVAR CAMPESTRIS ENCODES AN EXOCELLULAR COMPONENT REQUIRED FOR GROWTH IN THE HOST AND HYPERSENSITIVE RESPONSE 1990

136/140 (Item 57 from file: 5) 07112424 BIOSIS NO.: 000039049136
STRUCTURE FUNCTION REGULATION AND EVOLUTION OF GENES INVOLVED IN PATHOGENICITY THE HYPERSENSITIVE RESPONSE AND PHASEOLOTOXIN IMMUNITY IN THE BEAN HALO BLIGHT PATHOGEN 1990

136/141 (Item 58 from file: 5) 07037850 BIOSIS NO.: 000089119404
BACTERIA EXPRESSING AVIRULENCE GENE D PRODUCE A SPECIFIC ELICITOR OF THE SOYBEAN HYPERSENSITIVE REACTION 1990

136/142 (Item 59 from file: 5) 06953682 BIOSIS NO.: 000089075688
A SECOND CLUSTER OF GENES THAT SPECIFY PATHOGENICITY AND HOST RESPONSE IN PSEUDOMONAS-SOLANACEARUM 1990

136/143 (Item 60 from file: 5) 06798008 BIOSIS NO.: 000089107447
THE PREDICTED PROTEIN PRODUCT OF A PATHOGENICITY LOCUS FROM PSEUDOMONAS-SYRINGAE PATHOVAR PHASEOLICOLA IS HOMOLOGOUS TO A HIGHLY CONSERVED DOMAIN OF SEVERAL PROKARYOTIC REGULATOR PROTEINS 1989

136/144 (Item 61 from file: 5) 06655769 BIOSIS NO.: 000089079746
HEART RATE RESPONSES AND THE ESTIMATED ENERGY REQUIREMENTS OF PLAYING WATER POLO 1988

136/145 (Item 62 from file: 5) 06141473 BIOSIS NO.: 0000895110625
ENGLISH Document type: Journal Article Record type: Completed

GENES REQUIRED FOR PATHOGENICITY AND HYPERSENSITIVITY ARE CONSERVED AND INTERCHANGEABLE AMONG PATHOVARIS OF PSEUDOMONAS-SYRINGAE 1988

136/146 (Item 63 from file: 5) 05597337 BIOSIS NO.: 000083070477
IMMUNOHISTOCHEMICAL LOCALIZATION OF IN TUBULIN THE ISCHEMIC RETINA OF GERBILS 1986

136/147 (Item 64 from file: 5) 05185690 BIOSIS NO.: 000082026311
PURIFICATION OF A HUMAN RED BLOOD CELL PROTEIN SUPPORTING THE SURVIVAL OF CULTURED CENTRAL NERVOUS SYSTEM NEURONS AND ITS IDENTIFICATION AS CATALASE 1986

136/148 (Item 65 from file: 5) 05120400 MEDLINE(R) (c) format only 2000 Dialog Corporation. All rts. reserv.

136/149 (Item 66 from file: 5) 0925410 97250560 PMID: 9096416
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Proceedings of the National Academy of Sciences of the United States of America (UNITED STATES) Apr 1 1997, 94 (7) p3459-64, ISSN 0027-8424 Journal Code: PV3 Languages: ENGLISH Document type: Journal Article Record type: Completed
Hypersensitive response and pathogenicity (hrp) genes control the ability of major groups of plant pathogenic bacteria to elicit the hypersensitive response (Hrp) in resistant plants and to cause disease in susceptible plants. A number of Hrp proteins share significant similarities with components of the type III secretion apparatus and flagellar assembly apparatus in animal pathogenic bacteria. Here we report that Pseudomonas syringae pv. tomato strain DC3000 (race 0) produces a filamentous surface appendage (Hrp pilus) of 6-8 nm in diameter in a solid minimal medium that induces hrp genes. Formation of the Hrp pilus is dependent on at least two hrp genes, hrpS and hrpH (recently renamed hrcC), which are involved in gene regulation and protein secretion, respectively. Our finding of the Hrp pilus, together with recent reports of *Salmonella typhimurium* surface appendages that are involved in bacterial invasion into the animal cell and of the *Agrobacterium tumefaciens* virB-dependent pilus that is involved in the transfer of T-DNA into plant cells, suggests that surface appendage formation is a common feature animal and plant pathogenic bacteria in the infection of eukaryotic cells. Furthermore, we have identified HrpA as a major structural protein of the Hrp pilus. Finally, we show that a nonpolar hrpA mutant of *P. syringae* pv. tomato DC3000 is unable to form the Hrp pilus or to cause either an HR or disease in plants.

136/150 (Item 67 from file: 5) 0925410 97250562 PMID: 9096416
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136/151 (Item 68 from file: 5) 0925410 97250563 PMID: 9096416
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136/152 (Item 69 from file: 5) 0925410 97250564 PMID: 9096416
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136/153 (Item 70 from file: 5) 0925410 97250565 PMID: 9096416
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136/154 (Item 71 from file: 5) 0925410 97250566 PMID: 9096416
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136/155 (Item 72 from file: 5) 0925410 97250567 PMID: 9096416
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136/156 (Item 73 from file: 5) 0925410 97250568 PMID: 9096416
Roini E, Wei W, Yuan J, Nurmiaho-Lassila El, Kalkkinen N, Romantschuk M, He SY
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136/157 (Item 74 from file: 5) 0925410 97250569 PMID: 9096416
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136/158 (Item 75 from file: 5) 0925410 97250570 PMID: 9096416
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136/159 (Item 76 from file: 5) 0925410 97250571 PMID: 9096416
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136/160 (Item 77 from file: 5) 0925410 97250572 PMID: 9096416
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136/161 (Item 78 from file: 5) 0925410 97250573 PMID: 9096416
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136/162 (Item 79 from file: 5) 0925410 97250574 PMID: 9096416
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136/163 (Item 80 from file: 5) 0925410 97250575 PMID: 9096416
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136/164 (Item 81 from file: 5) 0925410 97250576 PMID: 9096416
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136/165 (Item 82 from file: 5) 0925410 97250577 PMID: 9096416
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136/166 (Item 83 from file: 5) 0925410 97250578 PMID: 9096416
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136/167 (Item 84 from file: 5) 0925410 97250579 PMID: 9096416
Roini E, Wei W, Yuan J, Nurmiaho-Lassila El, Kalkkinen N, Romantschuk M, He SY
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136/168 (Item 85 from file: 5) 0925410 97250580 PMID: 9096416
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136/169 (Item 86 from file: 5) 0925410 97250581 PMID: 9096416
Roini E, Wei W, Yuan J, Nurmiaho-Lassila El, Kalkkinen N, Romantschuk M, He SY
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136/170 (Item 87 from file: 5) 0925410 97250582 PMID: 9096416
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136/171 (Item 88 from file: 5) 0925410 97250583 PMID: 9096416
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136/172 (Item 89 from file: 5) 0925410 97250584 PMID: 9096416
Roini E, Wei W, Yuan J, Nurmiaho-Lassila El, Kalkkinen N, Romantschuk M, He SY
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136/173 (Item 90 from file: 5) 0925410 97250585 PMID: 9096416
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136/174 (Item 91 from file: 5) 0925410 97250586 PMID: 9096416
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136/175 (Item 92 from file: 5) 0925410 97250587 PMID: 9096416
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136/176 (Item 93 from file: 5) 0925410 97250588 PMID: 9096416
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136/177 (Item 94 from file: 5) 0925410 97250589 PMID: 9096416
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136/178 (Item 95 from file: 5) 0925410 97250590 PMID: 9096416
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136/179 (Item 96 from file: 5) 0925410 97250591 PMID: 9096416
Roini E, Wei W, Yuan J, Nurmiaho-Lassila El, Kalkkinen N, Romantschuk M, He SY
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136/180 (Item 97 from file: 5) 0925410 97250592 PMID: 9096416
Roini E, Wei W, Yuan J, Nurmiaho-Lassila El, Kalkkinen N, Romantschuk M, He SY
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136/181 (Item 98 from file: 5) 0925410 97250593 PMID: 9096416
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136/182 (Item 99 from file: 5) 0925410 97250594 PMID: 9096416
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136/183 (Item 100 from file: 5) 0925410 97250595 PMID: 9096416
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136/184 (Item 101 from file: 5) 0925410 97250596 PMID: 9096416
Roini E, Wei W, Yuan J, Nurmiaho-Lassila El, Kalkkinen N, Romantschuk M, He SY
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136/185 (Item 102 from file: 5) 0925410 97250597 PMID: 9096416
Roini E, Wei W, Yuan J, Nurmiaho-Lassila El, Kalkkinen N, Romantschuk M, He SY
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136/186 (Item 103 from file: 5) 0925410 97250598 PMID: 9096416
Roini E, Wei W, Yuan J, Nurmiaho-Lassila El, Kalkkinen N, Romantschuk M, He SY
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136/187 (Item 104 from file: 5) 0925410 97250599 PMID: 9096416
Roini E, Wei W, Yuan J, Nurmiaho-Lassila El, Kalkkinen N, Romantschuk M, He SY
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136/188 (Item 105 from file: 5) 0925410 97250600 PMID: 9096416
Roini E, Wei W, Yuan J, Nurmiaho-Lassila El, Kalkkinen N, Romantschuk M, He SY
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136/189 (Item 106 from file: 5) 0925410 97250601 PMID: 9096416
Roini E, Wei W, Yuan J, Nurmiaho-Lassila El, Kalkkinen N, Romantschuk M, He SY
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136/190 (Item 107 from file: 5) 0925410 97250602 PMID: 9096416
Roini E, Wei W, Yuan J, Nurmiaho-Lassila El, Kalkkinen N, Romantschuk M, He SY
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136/191 (Item 108 from file: 5) 0925410 97250603 PMID: 9096416
Roini E, Wei W, Yuan J, Nurmiaho-Lassila El, Kalkkinen N, Romantschuk M, He SY
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136/192 (Item 109 from file: 5) 0925410 97250604 PMID: 9096416
Roini E, Wei W, Yuan J, Nurmiaho-Lassila El, Kalkkinen N, Romantschuk M, He SY
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136/193 (Item 110 from file: 5) 0925410 97250605 PMID: 9096416
Roini E, Wei W, Yuan J, Nurmiaho-Lassila El, Kalkkinen N, Romantschuk M, He SY
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136/194 (Item 111 from file: 5) 0925410 97250606 PMID: 9096416
Roini E, Wei W, Yuan J, Nurmiaho-Lassila El, Kalkkinen N, Romantschuk M, He SY
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136/195 (Item 112 from file: 5) 0925410 97250607 PMID: 9096416
Roini E, Wei W, Yuan J, Nurmiaho-Lassila El, Kalkkinen N, Romantschuk M, He SY
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136/196 (Item 113 from file: 5) 0925410 97250608 PMID: 9096416
Roini E, Wei W, Yuan J, Nurmiaho-Lassila El, Kalkkinen N, Romantschuk M, He SY
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136/197 (Item 114 from file: 5) 0925410 97250609 PMID: 9096416
Roini E, Wei W, Yuan J, Nurmiaho-Lassila El, Kalkkinen N, Romantschuk M, He SY
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136/198 (Item 115 from file: 5) 0925410 97250610 PMID: 9096416
Roini E, Wei W, Yuan J, Nurmiaho-Lassila El, Kalkkinen N, Romantschuk M, He SY
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136/199 (Item 116 from file: 5) 0925410 97250611 PMID: 9096416
Roini E, Wei W, Yuan J, Nurmiaho-Lassila El, Kalkkinen N, Romantschuk M, He SY
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136/200 (Item 117 from file: 5) 0925410 97250612 PMID: 9096416
Roini E, Wei W, Yuan J, Nurmiaho-Lassila El, Kalkkinen N, Romantschuk M, He SY
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136/201 (Item 118 from file: 5) 0925410 97250613 PMID: 9096416
Roini E, Wei W, Yuan J, Nurmiaho-Lassila El, Kalkkinen N, Romantschuk M, He SY
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136/202 (Item 119 from file: 5) 0925410 97250614 PMID: 9096416
Roini E, Wei W, Yuan J, Nurmiaho-Lassila El, Kalkkinen N, Romantschuk M, He SY
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136/203 (Item 120 from file: 5) 0925410 97250615 PMID: 9096416
Roini E, Wei W, Yuan J, Nurmiaho-Lassila El, Kalkkinen N, Romantschuk M, He SY
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136/204 (Item 121 from file: 5) 0925410 97250616 PMID: 9096416
Roini E, Wei W, Yuan J, Nurmiaho-Lassila El, Kalkkinen N, Romantschuk M, He SY
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136/205 (Item 122 from file: 5) 0925410 97250617 PMID: 9096416
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136/206 (Item 123 from file: 5) 0925410 97250618 PMID: 9096416
Roini E, Wei W, Yuan J, Nurmiaho-Lassila El, Kalkkinen N, Romantschuk M, He SY
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136/207 (Item 124 from file: 5) 0925410 97250619 PMID: 9096416
Roini E, Wei W, Yuan J, Nurmiaho-Lassila El, Kalkkinen N, Romantschuk M, He SY
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136/208 (Item 125 from file: 5) 0925410 97250620 PMID: 9096416
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136/209 (Item 126 from file: 5) 0925410 97250621 PMID: 9096416
Roini E, Wei W, Yuan J, Nurmiaho-Lassila El, Kalkkinen N, Romantschuk M, He SY
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136/210 (Item 127 from file: 5) 0925410 97250622 PMID: 9096416
Roini E, Wei W, Yuan J, Nurmiaho-Lassila El, Kalkkinen N, Romantschuk M, He SY
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136/211 (Item 128 from file: 5) 0925410 97250623 PMID: 9096416
Roini E, Wei W, Yuan J, Nurmiaho-Lassila El, Kalkkinen N, Romantschuk M, He SY
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136/212 (Item 129 from file: 5) 0925410 97250624 PMID: 9096416
Roini E, Wei W, Yuan J, Nurmiaho-Lassila El, Kalkkinen N, Romantschuk M, He SY
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136/213 (Item 130 from file: 5) 0925410 97250625 PMID: 9096416
Roini E, Wei W, Yuan J, Nurmiaho-Lassila El, Kalkkinen N, Romantschuk M, He SY
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136/214 (Item 131 from file: 5) 0925410 97250626 PMID: 9096416
Roini E, Wei W, Yuan J, Nurmiaho-Lassila El, Kalkkinen N, Romantschuk M, He SY
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136/215 (Item 132 from file: 5) 0925410 97250627 PMID: 9096416
Roini E, Wei W, Yuan J, Nurmiaho-Lassila El, Kalkkinen N, Romantschuk M, He SY
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136/216 (Item 133 from file: 5) 0925410 97250628 PMID: 9096416
Roini E, Wei W, Yuan J, Nurmiaho-Lassila El, Kalkkinen N, Romantschuk M, He SY
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136/217 (Item 134 from file: 5) 0925410 97250629 PMID: 9096416
Roini E, Wei W, Yuan J, Nurmiaho-Lassila El, Kalkkinen N, Romantschuk M, He SY
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136/218 (Item 135 from file: 5) 0925410 97250630 PMID: 9096416
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136/219 (Item 136 from file: 5) 0925410 97250631 PMID: 9096416
Roini E, Wei W, Yuan J, Nurmiaho-Lassila El, Kalkkinen N, Romantschuk M, He SY
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136/220 (Item 137 from file: 5) 0925410 97250632 PMID: 9096416
Roini E, Wei W, Yuan J, Nurmiaho-Lassila El, Kalkkinen N, Romantschuk M, He SY
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136/221 (Item 138 from file: 5) 0925410 97250633 PMID: 9096416
Roini E, Wei W, Yuan J, Nurmiaho-Lassila El, Kalkkinen N, Romantschuk M, He SY
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136/222 (Item 139 from file: 5) 0925410 97250634 PMID: 9096416
Roini E, Wei W, Yuan J, Nurmiaho-Lassila El, Kalkkinen N, Romantschuk M, He SY
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136/223 (Item 140 from file: 5) 0925410 97250635 PMID: 9096416
Roini E, Wei W, Yuan J, Nurmiaho-Lassila El, Kalkkinen N, Romantschuk M, He SY
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136/224 (Item 141 from file: 5) 0925410 97250636 PMID: 9096416
Roini E, Wei W, Yuan J, Nurmiaho-Lassila El, Kalkkinen N, Romantschuk M, He SY
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136/225 (Item 142 from file: 5) 0925410 97250637 PMID: 9096416
Roini E, Wei W, Yuan J, Nurmiaho-Lassila El, Kalkkinen N, Romantschuk M, He SY
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136/226 (Item 143 from file: 5) 0925410 97250638 PMID: 9096416
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136/227 (Item 144 from file: 5) 0925410 97250639 PMID: 9096416
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136/228 (Item 145 from file: 5) 0925410 97250640 PMID: 9096416
Roini E, Wei W, Yuan J, Nurmiaho-Lassila El, Kalkkinen N, Romantschuk M, He SY
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136/229 (Item 146 from file: 5) 0925410 97250641 PMID: 9096416
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136/230 (Item 147 from file: 5) 0925410 97250642 PMID: 90

The *hrp* cluster of the pepper and tobacco pathogen *Xanthomonas campestris* pv. *vesicatoria* is required for both pathogenicity on susceptible host plants and induction of the hypersensitive reaction on resistant plants. The *hrpA* locus is located at the left end of the 25-kb *hrp* region and encodes a single 64-kDa *hrp* protein, *HrpA* 1, which belongs to the *PuLD* superfamily of proteins involved in type II and type III protein secretion. In this study, we developed a defined medium without region of the *hrpB8* gene, which is the last gene of the *hrp* operon. The *hrpA* transcription start site was mapped in the coding promoter elements or other *hrp* loci of *X. campestris* pv. *vesicatoria*. The inducible *hrpA* promoter shows no homology to known regulatory gene *hrpX*. The amino acid sequence of the *HrpA* 1 protein is predicted to contain an N-terminal signal sequence and no further transmembrane domains and to be rich in beta-sheet stretches. Expression of *HrpA* 1 in *Escherichia coli* cells causes induction of the *psp* operon like some of its counterparts, suggesting some commonality of function and that *HrpA* 1 forms multimers. The protein product of *hrpA* was identified by using a specific polyclonal antibody. Cell fractionation studies demonstrated that the *HrpA* 1 protein is localized in the outer membrane of *X. campestris* pv. *vesicatoria*. *HrpA* 1 is the first component of the *Hrp* secretion system whose localization has been determined in the original organism.

137/743 (Item 43 from file: 155) DIALOG(R)File 155: MEDLINE(R) (c) format only 2000 Dialog Corporation. All rts. reserv.

08113957 94148001 PMID: 8313899

PopA1, a protein which induces a hypersensitivity-like response on specific *Petunia* genotypes, is secreted via the *Hrp* pathway of *Pseudomonas solanacearum*.

Arial M; Van Gilsegem F; Huet JC; Pernelot JC; Boucher CA

Laboratoire de Biologie Moléculaire des Relations Plantes Microorganismes CNRS-INRA, Castanet Tolosan, France.

EMBO journal (ENGLAND) Feb 1 1994; 13 (3) p543-53, ISSN 0261-4189 Journal Code: EMB Languages: ENGLISH

Document type: Journal Article Record type: Completed

This paper describes the identification of a new class of extracellular bacterial proteins, typified by *PopA1* and its derivative *PopA3*, which act as specific hypersensitivity response (HR) elicitors. These two heat-stable proteins, with HR-like elicitor activities on tobacco (non-host plant) but without activity on tomato (host plant), have been characterized from the supernatant of the plant pathogenic bacterium *Pseudomonas solanacearum* strain GM11000. These two proteins induced the same pattern of response on *Petunia*, as a function of the genotypes tested. *popA*, the structural gene for *PopA1*, maps outside of the *hrp* gene cluster but belongs to the *hrp* regulon. The amino acid sequence of *PopA1* does not show homology to any characterized proteins. Its secretion is dependent on *hrp* genes and is followed by stepwise removal of the 53 amino-terminal amino acids, producing the protein *PopA3*. *Petunia* lines responsive to *PopA3* and its precursors were resistant to infection by strain GM11000, whereas non-responsive lines were sensitive, suggesting that *popA* could be an avirulence gene. A *PopA* mutant remained fully pathogenic on sensitive plants, indicating that this gene is not essential for pathogenicity. While lacking *PopA1*, this mutant, which remained avirulent on tobacco and on resistant *Petunia* lines, still produced additional extracellular necrogenic compounds. On the basis of both their structural features and the biological properties of the *PopA* mutant, *PopA1* and *PopA3* clearly differ from hairpins characterized in other plant pathogenic bacteria.

137/744 (Item 44 from file: 155) DIALOG(R)File 155: MEDLINE(R) (c) format only 2000 Dialog Corporation. All rts. reserv.

080893790 930302711 PMID: 8316211

Homology between the *HrpO* protein of *Pseudomonas solanacearum* and bacterial proteins implicated in a signal peptide-independent secretion mechanism.

Gough CL; Genin S; Lopes V; Boucher CA

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Molecular & general genetics (GERMANY) Jun 1993; 239 (3) p378-92, ISSN 0026-8825 Journal Code: NGP Languages: ENGLISH

Document type: Journal Article Record type: Completed

A region of approximately 22 kb of DNA defines the large *hrp* gene cluster of strain GM11000 of *Pseudomonas solanacearum*. The majority of mutants that map to this region have lost the ability to induce disease symptoms on tomato plants and are no longer able to elicit a hypersensitivity reaction (HR) on tobacco, a non-host plant. In this study we present the complementation analysis and nucleotide sequence of a 4772 bp region of this *hrp* gene cluster. Three complete open reading frames (ORFs) are predicted within this region. The corresponding putative proteins, *HrpN*, *HrpO* and *HrpA*, have predicted sizes of 357, 636 and 197 amino acids, respectively, and predicted molecular weights of 38,607, 73,990 and 21,859 dalton, respectively. *HrpN* and *HrpO* are both predicted to be hydrophobic proteins with potential membrane-spanning domains and *HrpA* is rich in proline residues. A mutation in *HrpA* (for *hrp* associated) does not affect the HR on tobacco or the disease on tomato plants. None of the proteins is predicted to have an N-terminal signal sequence, which would have indicated that the proteins are exported. Considerable sequence similarities were found between *HrpO* and eight known or predicted prokaryotic proteins: *Lc1D* of *Yersinia pestis* and *Y. enterocolitica*, *FibF* of *Caulobacter crescentus*, *Fha* of *Bacillus subtilis*, *Mxa* and *VirH* of *Shigella flexneri*, *ImA* of *Salmonella typhimurium* and *Hpc2* of *Xanthomonas campestris* pv. *vesicatoria*. These homologies suggest that certain *hrp* genes of phytopathogenic bacteria code for components of a secretory system, which is related to the systems for secretion of flagellar proteins, *lpa* proteins of *Shigella flexneri* and the *Yersinia* *Yop* proteins. Furthermore, these homologous proteins have the common feature of being implicated in a distinct secretory mechanism, which does not require the cleavage of a signal peptide. The sequence similarity between *HrpO* and *Hpc2* is particularly high (60% identity and 81% similarity) and the amino acid sequence comparison between these two proteins presented here reveals the first such sequence similarity to be shown between *Hrp* proteins of *P. solanacearum* and *X. campestris*. An efflux of plant electrolytes was found to be associated with the

interactions between *P. solanacearum* and both tomato and tobacco leaves. This phenomenon may be part of the mechanism by which *hrp* gene products control and determine plant-bacterial interactions, since *hrp* mutants induced levels of leakage which were significantly lower than those induced by the wild type on each plant.

137/745 (Item 48 from file: 155) DIALOG(R)File 155: MEDLINE(R) (c) format only 2000 Dialog Corporation. All rts. reserv.

The *Pseudomonas syringae* pv. *syringae* 61 *hrpH* product, an envelope protein required for elicitation of the hypersensitive response in plants.

Huang HC; He SY; Bauer DV; Collmer A

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Journal of bacteriology (UNITED STATES) Nov 1992; 174 (21) p587-85, ISSN 0021-9193 Journal Code: JBC

Languages: ENGLISH Document type: Journal Article Record type: Completed

Pseudomonas syringae pv. *syringae* 61 contains a 25-kb cluster of *hrp* genes that are required for elicitation of the hypersensitive response (HR) in tobacco. TphoA mutagenesis of cosmid pH1R1, which contains the *hrp* cluster, revealed two genes encoding exported or inner-membrane-spanning proteins (H.-C. Huang, S. W. Hutcheson, and A. Collmer, Mol. Plant-Microbe Interact. 4:469-476, 1991). The gene in complementation group X, designated *hrpH*, was subcloned on a 3.1-kb *Sail* fragment into pCP30, a broad-host-range, mobilizable vector. The subclone restored the ability of *hrpH* mutant *P. syringae* pv. *syringae* 61-2089 to elicit the HR in tobacco. DNA sequence analysis of the 3.1-kb *Sail* fragment revealed a single open reading frame encoding an 81,956-Da protein with a typical amino-terminal signal peptide and no likely inner-membrane-spanning hydrophobic regions. *hrpH* was expressed in the presence of [³⁵S]methionine by using the T7 RNA polymerase-promoter system and vector pT7-3 in *Escherichia coli* and was shown to encode a protein with an apparent molecular weight of 83,000 on sodium dodecyl sulfate-polyacrylamide gels. The *HrpH* protein in *E. coli* was located in the membrane fraction and was absent from the periplasm and cytoplasm. The *HrpH* protein possessed similarity with several outer membrane proteins that are known to be involved in protein or phage secretion, including the *Klebsiella* oxytoca *PuID* protein, the *Yersinia enterocolitica* *YscC* protein, and the *pvU* protein of filamentous coliphages. All of these proteins possess a possible secretion motif, GG(X)12Y(U/F)LXXIP(X)GX(L/F)L, near the carboxyl terminus, and they lack a carboxyl-terminal pheylalanine, in contrast to other outer membrane proteins with no known secretion function. These results suggest that the *P. syringae* pv. *syringae* *HrpH* protein is involved in the secretion of a proteinaceous HR elicitor.

137/756 (Item 56 from file: 155) DIALOG(R)File 155: MEDLINE(R) (c) format only 2000 Dialog Corporation. All rts. reserv.

07053332 93313957 PMID: 8324821

Pseudomonas syringae pv. *syringae* harpinPss: a protein that is secreted via the *Hrp* pathway and elicits the hypersensitive response in plants.

He SY; Huang HC; Collmer A

Department of Plant Pathology, Cornell University, Ithaca, New York 14853.

Cell (UNITED STATES) Jul 2 1993; 73 (7) p1255-66, ISSN 0092-8674 Journal Code: C04 Languages: ENGLISH

Document type: Journal Article Record type: Completed

The ability of *P. syringae* to elicit the hypersensitive response in nonhost plants or pathogenesis in *hostis* is controlled by *hrp* protein, produced only in apoplastic fluid-mimicking minimal media, and secreted in a *HrpH*-dependent manner. The carboxy-terminal 148 amino acid portion of harpinPss contains two directly repeated sequences of GGGLGTP and QTGT and is sufficient genes. The *P. syringae* pv. *syringae* 61 *hrpZ* gene encodes harpinPss, a 34.7 kd extracellular protein that elicits hypersensitive necrosis in tobacco and other plants. HarpinPss is heat stable, glycine rich, dissimilar in amino acid sequence to any known protein, produced only in apoplastic fluid-mimicking minimal media, and secreted in a *HrpH*-dependent manner. The carboxy-terminal 148 amino acid portion of harpinPss contains two directly repeated sequences of GGGLGTP and QTGT and is sufficient genes. The necrosis elicited by harpinPss is an active response of the plant, which can be inhibited by alpha-amanitin, cycloheximide, lanthanum chloride, or sodium vanadate.